

# CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. XXIII. No. 35

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1932

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

## The Christmas Spirit

In spite of low prices we cannot afford to overlook the Childrens Christmas. You don't need to spend much, but spend a little and keep the gift sentiment alive.

**Toys and Games from 15c up**

**Dolls from 50c to \$1.50**

**Sleighs from \$1.25 to \$3.00**

**Wagons from \$2.50 up.**

**The best values in China we have ever offered, from 15c to \$5.00, making inexpensive and appropriate gifts.**

**Our Aluminum Table contains articles up to \$2.00 values, all for \$1.00.**

**All kinds of Nuts and Candies and Delicacies for your Christmas table.**

**Ask for tickets on the China Tea Set with every 25c purchase.**

### Wm. Laut

## Now is the Time

Get your car or truck ready for winter use. Don't forget to have the chassis lubricant and motor oil changed.

Remember we carry  
**Anti-Freeze, Hood Covers, Heaters**  
Our Prices are Right.

**HEATED STORAGE**  
All Grades of Autolene Motor and  
Tractor Oils.

## CROSSFIELD GARAGE

F. T. BAKER, Proprietor

Phone 4

Crossfield, Alberta.

## TIME TO CHECK UP ON YOUR REQUIREMENTS FOR Storm Doors and Storm Sash

You can enjoy real comfort this winter at a very low cost. Call and get our prices.

Atlas Lumber Co., Ltd.

HARRY R. FITZPATRICK

Member

Phone 15

W.R.L.A.

## Good Coal

MIDLAND PACIFIC

Double screened lump - - - \$7.00

BRILLIANT LUMP

An Excellent Coal - - - \$6.75

We solicit a share of your grain business.

Midland & Pacific Grain Co. Ltd.

Thos. Green, Local Agent

Telephone 8

## OLIVER CAFE

George and Fong

Extend

CHRISTMAS GREETINGS

and wish you every good fortune  
in the New Year.

## OBITUARY

CAPTAIN NELSON J. WIGLE

Captain Nelson J. Wigle, well-known old-timer of the Crossfield district passed away at his home, south-east of town this morning (Thursday) after a lingering illness. At time of going to press, no funeral arrangements have been made.

## BUSY SESSION OF BOARD OF TRADE

The monthly luncheon held in the Oliver Cafe was fairly well attended. President G. G. Huser occupied the chair.

C. H. McMillan, chairman of the Public Affairs Committee, gave an interesting report of the work carried out during the year by his committee.

H. R. Fitzpatrick, Chairman of the Sports Committee, gave his report, showing that a profit of \$84.00 was made on the July 1st, celebration, and suggested that \$50.00 be set-marked and put away as a reserve fund for next year, and \$10.00 be given Constable Jarman for relief purposes.

After a short discussion, Mr. Halliday moved that this suggestion be carried out. Seconded by Mr. Green. Carried.

The Mayor and Council of the Village and the members of the School Board will be the guests of the Board of Trade at a dinner, early in the New Year, in recognition of their services to the Village.

The Chairman of the Public Affairs Committee then brought to the attention of the meeting the disgraceful state of the road between the village and the cemetery and Mr. McMillan moved that the Secretary write the Reeve of the M. D. of Rosebud and draw his attention to the matter. Seconded by O. E. Jones.

In the way of new business O. E. Jones brought up the need of a loading platform that would facilitate the loading of grain over the platform.

It was moved by Mr. Jones, seconded by W. K. Gibson, that the C. P. R. be written and asked if they would consider the building of an extension to the present platform.

At the invitation of the Board, the Calgary Power Co. was represented by Mr. James and Mr. Smith. The President then called on Mayor Williams, who pointed out that the consumers of electric current for lights and power in the Village of Crossfield, were not satisfied with present rates, and in view of present conditions, he asked that a substantial reduction be made in their rates.

In reply both representatives of the Calgary Power Co. stated it was impossible to reduce the rates under any consideration.

The President next introduced the speaker of the evening, the Rev. A. D. Currie, who gave an interesting address on his recent visit to the Old Country, which was much enjoyed by all present.

## POLICE COURT

Robert L. Bracken of Big Prairie appeared before R. D. Macfarquhar, J. P. at Crossfield, on Dec. 14, charged with committing common assault on Malcolm Radie. The trouble arose over the settlement of road work. After hearing the evidence, His worship found that Radie had been aggressive in his manner and dismissed the case without costs.

His Worship severely lectured Bracken and Radie as regards their conduct.

We received a letter from "Billy" Pines of New Hamburg, Ont. this week. Mr. Pines sent along a renewal of his subscription to this great family journal, and also season's greetings to his friends in this district.

## Christmas Dance in East Community Hall, Dec. 26

The annual Christmas Dance will be held in the East Community Hall on Monday night, Dec. 26th. The committee in charge have secured the services of the Moonlight Serenaders, one of the best five-piece orchestras in Alberta. No increase in prices.

## Hogmany Dance in Beaver Dam Hall, Friday, December 30

The annual Hogmany Dance will be held in the Beaver Dam Hall on Friday, Dec. 30. Quadrilles, Scottish, Lancer, Canadian modern, and old time dances. A big time for all.

## Inverlea and Floral School Entertainments Were Good

This week is taken entirely with Christmas entertainments at the various schools in the district. On Monday evening we had the pleasure of attending the Inverlea School entertainment. Miss Patterson deserves credit for the splendid training of the children, who knew their parts very well, spoke out distinctly, and made a good appearance on the stage. Mrs. Thos. Fieldhouse added greatly to the program with a recitation and a solo. Santa Claus was all the children could desire, and some are still wondering whether he was the genuine article or a substitute for the evening.

Following are the pupils who took part in the program: Roger Wilson, Norman Smith, Clifford Brandon, Corell Fieldhouse, Lorraine Fieldhouse, Marvin Fieldhouse, Bobby Walroth, Harvey Walroth, Chester Walroth, Harold Sharpe, Dorothy Michel, Wilda Michel, and Leslie Walroth.

When Santa Claus had distributed the presents from the tree, lunch was served, and the hall cleared for dancing. Borbridge Brothers orchestra furnished the music and a real good time was had even though the crowd was much too large for the building.

The Floral School entertainment was held on Tuesday night before a crowd of some 200, and we are told that it was a fine entertainment and a credit to Miss Murdoch and her pupils.

Ten Chalmers pinch hitting for Santa Claus made a great hit. His remarks as to Miss Murdoch looking better than a year ago when she had the hay fever, brought down the house; he also put one over on Miss Alice Collicutt, when he blamed the slithering of her engagement ring for affecting his eyesight.

Following the entertainment, lunch was served, and the dance was on. Frank Ruddy, Clarence Richardson and Donald Fleming doing the playing.

## Regulations Governing Truck and Freight Vehicles Amended

The regulations governing Truck and Vehicle are hereby amended by inserting therein, immediately after Regulation No. 9, the following new regulation:

"9a. No freight vehicle shall be used for the purpose of carrying any persons other than the operator and one assistant unless with the consent in writing from the Minister or any member of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, which consent shall be limited to the trip specified in any such consent.

## Another Lemon

A meeting of the creditors of the Alberta Livestock Pool which recently went into bankruptcy, was held in Edmonton on Dec. 19th.

Listed in the creditors is the Alberta government, which is shown as being creditor for \$12,000. The Alberta Wheat Pool is also a creditor for \$3,435; the Royal Bank of Canada for \$5,947, and the Bank of Montreal for \$2,529.

A recent judgment obtained against the Pool by the Banque Canadian Nationale for \$7,158.24 is also shown as a debt. Some 28 creditors are listed in the notice sent out.

The benefit turkey shoot held on Wednesday was well patronized and over \$60.00 was realized, donations towards the total amount to around \$75.00.

## Greetings

To our many patrons  
and friends we wish  
a Merry Christmas  
and a Happy and  
Prosperous New Year

Crossfield District Co-Operative  
Association U. F. A. Limited.

## STOP !

Let Us Check Your Car Now for Winter  
Driving--Prevent Hard Starting

Don't neglect to have your motor oil changed to  
a lighter grade. We give you Real Service.

Fill Your Car Now with Prestone ANTI-FREEZE.  
Storage \$3.00 per month.

## The Service Garage

W. J. Wood

Phone 11

Tires Accessories Repairs

## THE OLIVER HOTEL

A. CRUICKSHANK, Prop.

Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Lunch Counter in Connection

Crossfield

Phone 54

Alberta.

## Finest Quality Fresh Meats

In Keeping With Hard Time Prices

## Special Dinner 25c

We serve a special dinner every day from 11 p. m.  
to 3 p. m. at 25c. Meals 35c at any other time.

ROOMS 50c up

## The Home Cafe and Meat Market

Chas. Mielond

Crossfield

## Turner Valley Gasoline

For Sale at our Pump on Main St.  
22 1-2c per gallon

WE ALSO SELL THREE STAR GAS.

## M. Patmore

CROSSFIELD TRANSFER

Daily Service from Crossfield to Calgary

Phone 62

CROSSFIELD

## Palpitation of the Heart Nerves Bad - Could Not Sleep

Mrs. Fred Bingham, Swift Current, Sask. writes: "I was bothered with palpitation of the heart, and my nerves were so bad I could not sleep."

"I was getting desperate and consulted my doctor to a friend who recommended me to use Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I purchased a box and got such relief I was troubled as I was."

For sale at all drug and general stores; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

## What Really Counts?

What is the thing that really counts in your life?

Many people who had always accepted what life brought to them from day to day without giving much thought to the matter are in these times, as a result of experiences through which they or relatives and close friends are passing, or as the outcome of their reading and observation, being compelled by the very impact and force of present conditions to seriously ask themselves what, after all, is the thing that really counts in life?

Take the case of a man known to the writer. Having for more than a quarter of a century held responsible positions in one of our Western Provinces, and received a very gratifying salary, he suddenly found himself three years ago thrown out of his employment. Since then he has had no secured position but has employed his energies in various ways and in return for such remuneration as it was possible to obtain.

Today his income is at its lowest point yet touched. He is aware it may further shrink if not entirely disappear, as has been the experience of so many.

During these past three years this man has seen the value of such property as he possessed reduced to fifty cents on the dollar of its former value, and it is presently unsaleable at such a reduced figure. Such property as he was able to build up are steadily disappearing, and he is now approaching three score years in age.

Has he become discouraged, embittered, railing at his fate, and ready to turn and rend somebody else, or some institution or corporation, or the whole system of economics and government under which he lives, which he himself helped to build up, and under which he is now sustaining loss where formerly he profited? That is, does he regard material things as the things that really count? No, although he cannot see light ahead at the end of the tunnel through which the world is passing, he is not discouraged nor embittered. He has not the slightest desire "to take it out" on anybody else. While recognizing, as every observant person and student of affairs must recognize, that changes and reforms are urgently, imperatively required in our social, economic and political structure, he also recognizes that he must accept his full share of the responsibility for the mistakes of the past, and that, instead of throwing all the blame on the system, or on those whom he assisted to place in positions of authority to administer that system, some of that blame must be apportioned to himself. If others made mistakes, so did he, and he is fair enough to admit it. He realizes where he made mistakes, not deliberately, but in the belief that he was doing the wise thing, but mistakes nevertheless. Why then lay all the blame on the system he helped to create and develop which for years he upheld, or upon those now in charge of that system and struggling against an accumulation of past mistakes—his own included—as well as the mistakes of others in far-distant lands over which they had no control but whose mistakes re-act upon us, as ours re-act upon them?

This man is no high idealist. He has a healthy respect for the purely material things of life. He enjoyed them in the past; he acutely misses them now; he hopes to enjoy them again. But he has learned to do this, that, after all, they are not what really count in life. He has health, and when he sees others in sickness, possibly suffering and slowly dying of an incurable disease, he is thankful for something far exceeding great riches.

If he alone had suffered loss, he might feel embittered. But when he sees countless thousands who have sustained similar, possibly greater losses, he feels no bitterness, but a new and greater sympathy with everybody else. His indifference to many questions and problems, his reluctance to give of his time, talents and energy to their solution, has passed away. He is not "so busy" now, with his own selfish concerns that he has no time to devote to public and community affairs. He has discovered there is something much bigger and infinitely more important than himself and his personal affairs.

He may not weather the storm of the depression in which he, with so many others, is engulfed, although he is not the type to give up. But while losing in one sense, he is a gainer in another, and the whole world is the gainer too. The universal experience of losing something, is having a humanizing effect not only on this man, but on hundreds of men and women. Puzzled as they may be by present conditions, the youth of today will be stronger than those of the past generation who were cradled in the lap of prosperity, if, indeed, not of luxury.

From the experience of the present is it not possible that we all may learn that it is not what happens to us but what happens within us in times of stress that determines whether we are defeated or victorious; that whether we win or lose does not matter so much, but rather how we bear the battle through?

## Hard On the Fixers

Pittsburgh Issues Triplicate Ticket For Violation Of Traffic

Something new in "tags" for traffic violations—a ticket which authorities say "can't be fixed"—has been introduced in Pittsburgh. The new tag is issued in triplicate, one copy going to the offender and another to the traffic court, and a third to the controller, who will be obliged to check back on every ticket issued "Now," said one traffic officer, "we'll see if the fixers and their politician friends can get around this one."

## Works Without Battery

A batteryless flashlight has been put on the market. It has a small dynamo in its base. A few turns of the base produces enough energy to set the light glowing and, when the light diminishes, all one has to do is to turn the base again.

Sing Sing prison got its name from the Indian words meaning "a stony place."

**JOHN SONGWRITERS CLUB**  
A list of "Wanted" inventors and full information sent free on request. Write to: JOHN SONGWRITERS CLUB, 623 BAYVIEW AVE., WINNIPEG.

**PATENTS**  
A list of "Wanted" inventors and full information sent free on request. Write to: THE RAMSAY CO., 873 BANK ST., 167 OTTAWA, ONT.

W. N. U. 1973

## Have Stood Heavy Loss

British Steel Firm Drops £247,000 On Bridge Contract

Few companies of any size have escaped the toll of heavy losses in the last year or two. An outstanding case is that of the Dorman, Long Company of London, England, one of the foremost iron and steel companies in the world. Contracting for the construction of the great bridge over the harbor at Sydney, Australia, the company admits dropping £247,000 on a £4,250,000 project. Depreciation, during the four years construction period, and adverse exchange rates, are said to have contributed largely to the loss.

## Not Greatly Impressed

An American in England was giving some illustrations of the size of his country.

"You can board a train in the State of Texas at dawn," he said, impressively, and twenty-four hours later you'll be in Texas!"

"Yes," said one of his English listeners, with feeling, "we've got trains like that here, too."

Thinner than paper, is proving useful in the manufacture of scientific instruments.

The world's heaviest metal safety are the people of the Argentine. They average about 346 pounds a year per person.

## May Broadcast Power Without Any Wires

Young Kitchener Inventor Claims He Has Discovered Method

Two years of experimenting have resulted in his discovery of a method to transmit electric power long distances without wires, is the claim of 22-year-old Frank Fedy of Kitchener, Ontario.

Fedy, a former insurance agent, said he demonstrated his equipment for engineers in Toronto and that his apparatus functioned perfectly. Power broadcast from his transmitting stations was picked up two blocks distant.

An engineer, who was in Kitchener from Toronto admitted that the experiment showed "Fedy has something." The young inventor is going to Montreal to demonstrate there. He visualized a central transmitting station in Kitchener, which would broadcast electrical energy to heat and light homes in the city and in the surrounding country for a radius of 100 miles.

An aerial on the roof of a house, similar to a radio antenna would take the power from the air.

A receiving outfit could be manufactured to sell as little as \$5, the inventor said. He added he has secured financial backing in Toronto to the extent of \$30,000.

For two years after he graduated from St. Jerome's College at Kitchener, Fedy worked as insurance agent, "just to pay expenses" so he could continue his experiments in the privacy of his boarding house bedroom. In July he met with an automobile accident, which rendered him blind for a month. His eyesight is not yet completely restored, but he has finished his invention.

## Too Good To Be True

New Method Claimed To Cut Auto Oil Bill In Two

The possibility of cutting automobile oil bills in half by a new method of refining oil was predicted at the annual meeting of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers by William F. Parish and Leon Cammen of New York. The report, however, was criticized by a half dozen other speakers, who held the claims were "amazing" and "doubtful."

The Parish-Cammen report, said that under the new system the crankcase will never have to be drained, and the engine will develop more power and use less gasoline.

Ten years of practical tests were cited to back their contention that in all kinds of engines and under all varieties of road conditions nearly all kinds of oil can be made by the new process to out-perform anything now produced.

The oil in these tests was crankcase drainings, the crankcase stuff motorists throw away. Parish and Cammen cleaned this oil and in all cases claimed to have brought forth a better lubricant than the original.

Worms however generated, are found in the digestive tracts, where they set up disturbances detrimental to the health of the child. There can be no comfort for the little one and the hurtful intruders have been expelled. An excellent preparation for this purpose can be had in Worm Powders. They will immediately destroy the worms and correct the conditions that were favorable to their existence.

## A Strange Story

Family Living Near Chicago Had Never Seen Street Cars, Moving Pictures Or Radio

The strange story of an isolation so complete that none of a family of nine children has ever seen a moving picture, a street car or radio, although they have lived all their lives near Chicago, came to light recently.

They are the children of Joseph Steiff, 60, a farmer of Wheeling, Ill., who came to the United States 30 years ago from Russia.

The story was revealed when Steiff appealed to police to find his oldest child, Mary, aged 23, who fled from her home. The authorities were told she left because a dove flew around her head and she regarded this as an evil omen. She later was found at the home of a neighbor.

## World Problems

The return of prosperity to Britain and all other countries, depends first and foremost on the achievement of sane international agreements to relieve the burden and the increase of armaments to remove the incurrence of debts, to remedy the causes which have thrown the currencies of half the world into the melting pot and to cut the bonds which strangle international trade.

Miniature squirrels made of real fur, with bushy tails, are worn as hat ornaments in Europe.

## MAKES PROTEST



Hon. W. D. Herridge, Canadian Minister to Washington, has handed a protest to the United States Foreign Minister against the seizure of the Canadian vessel, "Mazel Tov."

The note also warned the United States that Canadian co-operation in preventing liquor smuggling may end if these seizures persist.

## Singing Fiddler Of Lost Hope Hollow

Aged Musician From Kentucky To Attend Song Festival In London

On his way to attend the National Folk Song Festival in Albert Hall, London, England, Jilson Setters, the "singing fiddler of Lost Hope Hollow" has sailed on the Cunarder "Barnard" from New York.

Minister of the Southern Appalachian Mountains, will be a featured performer at the festival.

Mr. Setters, who is now more than seventy years of age, was blind for sixty years. Early in youth he learned to play the violin. Of English stock, he learned the songs and tunes of England from his parents and other members of his family, and has since carried them in his head. He made a specialty of Elizabethan ballads.

The "singing fiddler" is eager to see a "lord and lady of beauty bright," a "knight with a milk-white steed and a gypsy queen," like his old ballads describe. He expects to find the quaint England of three hundred years ago.

Although unfamiliar with written notes, Mr. Setters is a born musician. His skill has been described as "invaluable. He bows with the left hand a very unusual accomplishment for a violin player."

When Mr. Setters inherits his love of music from his grandfather, who was the first wandering music teacher in the Kentucky hills, he expects to find the quaint England of three hundred years ago.

On his trip to England he will carry his "wearing clothes" in a home-made hickory basket. He will also carry a gourd from which he will drink water, even while in the land of brown stout and amber ale. He still carries his fiddle in a cloth poke just as he did sixty years ago when he roamed over the hills of Kentucky, often being the entire orchestra at a barn dance or a house party.

He will be accompanied on his tour by Miss Jean Thomas, of 17 East 84th Street, New York, founder of the American Folk Song Society, of which Percy Mackaye, Ida M. Tarbell, Willis Gray, and others are members. Benet, Otto H. Kahn, Irvin S. Cobb, Deems Taylor, and Alice Hegan Rice are active members.

Mr. Setters has written newspaper articles about Mr. Setters years before he came to the attention of "Rocky."

Imports into Venezuela are expected to increase in the next few months.

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment is a quick, certain remedy for Hoof Rot or Thrush. Four or five applications are usually enough.

It takes about 15 months to season the wood used in making ordinary safety matches.

## Tells Of Life In Russia

Communists Small Percentage Of Population Says B.C. Engineer

Expressing a lack of faith in the Russian five-year plan and voicing the opinion "there is probably as big a percentage of Communists in Vancouver as in Russia," J. A. McLaughlin, British Columbia mining engineer, who recently returned from a two years' residence in Russia, told Vancouver Board of Trade members of life as he found it in that country.

"You have to realize that there are only about 3,000,000 Communists in Russia, a country of 165,000,000 people. The Communist Central Committee is in complete control. The political police have the authority and people live in terror of them," he said.

Mr. McLaughlin went to Russia as engineer on a copper mine development proposition for which the five-year plan called for production of 10,000 tons refined copper annually. But in two years only 600 tons in all were produced.

## Celebrates Anniversary

Lethbridge Herald Completes 25 Years As Daily Newspaper

Rounding out a quarter century of continuous publication as a daily newspaper, the Lethbridge Herald issued a special 25th anniversary edition recently, in which appeared many congratulatory messages from Canadian public men and newspaper publishers.

The Herald was first established as a weekly paper in the autumn of 1905 by F. E. Simpson, of Cranbrook, B.C., and W. A. Buchanan came from St. Thomas, Ont., and purchased a half interest. Later he acquired the entire property and, on December 11, 1907, launched the Herald as a daily newspaper.

Members of the Western Associated Press from its inception and later of the Canadian Press when eastern and western Canadian co-operative news services were merged, the Herald has received a full leased wire press service since 1917.

## Banquet Was Fatal To Chinese General

Poisonous Bone In Snake Dish On Menu Caused Death

Chou Chao-Hsin, inspector-general of foreign affairs in the Canton government, and formerly charge d'affaires in the Chinese legation in London, died suddenly following a dinner at naval headquarters in Canton.

Physicians called that snake poisoning caused death.

The dinner was in honor of Admiral Sir Howard Kelly, commander-in-chief of the British naval forces in the Far East.

Mr. Chou was once the Chinese ambassador to Italy and also consul-general in San Francisco.

Snake was on the menu at the dinner given by the Naval Club. Mr. Chou is believed to have swallowed a poisonous bone which the cook had overlooked.

## Official Fertilizer Guide

Helping the Farmer To Select Best Combination Of Plant Food

One of the most important functions of the Fertilizer Division of the Dominion Seed Branch at Ottawa is the inspection and analysis of fertilizers under the provisions of the Fertilizers Act. These analyses are available in printed form for the use of farmers throughout the Dominion, and are valuable in helping the farmer to select the fertilizer, or combination of plant food, best suited to his particular purpose. Copies may be had without charge by simply writing to the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa.

Strangled With Asthma is the only expression that seems to convey what is endured from an attack of the trouble. The relief from Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is beyond measure. Where all was suffering there comes comfort and rest. Breathing becomes normal and the bronchial tubes are completely cleared. This unqualified remedy is worth many times its price to all who use it.

Removing the Cause  
"Good morning, madame," said the serious-looking stranger who had called. "I represent the Society of the Suppression of Profanity. It is our object to take strong language right out of your life. We—"

"Come here, Dad," called the lady of the house. "Here's a man wants to buy our old car."

"Have you heard of this new method of learning French in nine easy lessons?"

"Yes, but I'd rather take 10 and do it thoroughly."

## Bank's Warning on Currency Inflation

BANK OF MONTREAL MEETING

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Montreal, held at the Bank's headquarters, was largely attended. The report and statement of account, particulars of which have already been published, were unanimously adopted, and the retiring directors were unanimously re-elected.

Sir Charles Gordon, the president, said that during the year they had been confronted with declining trade, dislocated foreign exchange, lessened demand for banking accommodation and low rates of interest in the world's monetary centers; yet the bank had managed to earn fair profits, to preserve a strong liquid position and to meet the legitimate requirements of their customers.

W. A. Bog, joint general manager, said that the bank's business was largely unaffected by the war. "Your Bank has come through this period with undiminished prestige, for it can be claimed without exaggeration that events have only served to emphasize the important and outstanding position which it occupies in the business affairs of this country."

Both the President and the General Manager came out strongly against any inflation of currency in Canada, as had been advocated in some quarters in connection with a suggested establishment of a national central bank. Sir Charles Gordon said that for 18 years, under the provisions of the Finance Act, Canada had had all the advantages which might come from a currency not increased by a single dollar the amount of currency in the hands of the public, unless the notes were made irredeemable and recklessly emitted. From the time of the French Revolution in the 18th century, said the share of financial history was strewn with the wrecks of ventures in irredeemable paper money, and if there was one fact in finance more firmly fixed than another it was the certainty that the unrestricted issue of paper money culminated in disaster. He added:

"I may point out, moreover, that we are not suffering from inadequate credit or inadequate currency. Our banks welcome borrowers to whom they can safely lend, and as trustees of depositors from whom their loaning resources are derived, banks ought not to lend on other conditions. So far as our banking system is concerned, it is well to remember that not a single depositor has had to wait for a moment to get his money from a Canadian bank during the past year. The thousands of depositors in the United States have had to wait in line, only to be told that their money had been closed their doors. This fact is an argument that will appeal to most people."

No Time For Drifting  
Unity Of Effort Should Be Aim Of Every Statesman

Over from England to join his wife in the United States, Viscount Astor says "We must do something definite, or there will be trouble."

One of the main obstacles is that whenever any State leader suggests anything, all his political enemies join forces to howl him down. It is in this way that so-called statesmen realized the folly of that course. This is an hour when unity of effort should be made, even if it does involve the sacrifice of some temporary political advantage.

Simple and Sure—Dr. Thomas Electric Oil is so simple in application that a child can understand the instructions. Used as a liniment the only direction is to rub, and when used as a dressing to apply. The directions are so plain and unmistakable that they are readily understood by young or old.

Something Else Needed  
An English scientist has developed a chemical which will rid a football field of snow, ice and frost in fifteen minutes, at a cost of \$100. Unfortunately, however, nobody has thought of a way to warm up the atmosphere the spectators have to sit in.

A muskrat farm of 53,920 acres in area, comprising an island in the delta of the Saskatchewan River, south-east of The Pas, Manitoba, is claimed to be the largest fur ranch of its kind in the world.





# The Stratosphere Holds Secrets Of Many Things Which Are Puzzling Scientists

How far can man penetrate into the upper air?

The stratosphere, as the upper reaches of the atmosphere are called, begins at a height of ten kilometers, or about six and a quarter miles above sea-level. At the moment the highest point reached by man is 53,672 feet, or just over ten miles, which was attained by Professor Piccard in his second balloon ascent.

But the exploration of the stratosphere is only beginning. It holds the secrets of many things which puzzle the scientists, and Professor Piccard believes that to uncover these secrets many more ascents must be made.

One of them, he thinks, should be undertaken in the Arctic regions, and he has suggested the Hudson Bay district as a suitable starting-point. Probably some of the scientists now engaged in "Polar Year" researches would be the best men to make the attempt. They have the necessary scientific training, and at the same time are equipped with knowledge of the Arctic regions, and could fend for themselves in the event of the balloon coming down far from civilization in the midst of the polar waste.

Aeroplanes also can penetrate the recently won the aeroplane altitude stratosphere, and Capt. C. F. Owens record for Britain by ascending 43,976 feet, or almost exactly eight and a half miles.

He would have gone still higher, but his gasoline was getting low. However, he will probably make another ascent shortly and try again.

In a previous flight Capt. Owens climbed beyond 40,000 feet without knowing it. His altimeter stopped at 30,000 feet, and he came to the conclusion that, for some reason, his machine was unable to climb beyond that. So he abandoned his attempt and landed. Then it was discovered, on examination of the barograph, that he had been nearly eight miles up. The altimeter had stopped working because it was frozen.

The tremendously low temperatures of the upper atmosphere have always been a big problem in high altitude flying. Not only do they sometimes put instruments out of action, but unless elaborate precautions are taken, they would put the pilot out of action, too. So his clothing has to be electrically heated, the wastecost, socks, and fur gloves being threaded with fine wires for this purpose. The goggles have also to be heated electrically to prevent ice forming on them. For breathing, oxygen is necessary, and is obtained through a chin and mouth mask.—Answers.

## Has Many Occupations

King Albert Of Belgium Was Once Newspaper Reporter

King Albert of Belgium is probably the only king who has been a newspaper reporter. Before he ascended to the throne he toured Europe, writing articles on shipping problems for a Belgian newspaper.

And once, when he paid a visit to America, he got a temporary job on a New York newspaper. He reported several events and no one on the staff knew his identity.

Then one day he was sent out to report a fire and came back without a story. He had forgotten his police card and was not allowed by the police to collect any information! But since then Belgium's king has had a fling at many occupations. He has labored on Antwerp docks. He has driven locomotives. He has fired steel furnaces and he has descended into mines and heaved away at the face of coal seams.

## Has To Be Punctual

Man Doing Newspaper Work Gets Discipline Into System

Hector Charlesworth, Chairman of the Canadian Radio Commission, in an address said: "One factor about newspaper work which nearly every one forgets is that a newspaper office, in addition to being a medium of news and views, is a factory and a manufacturing establishment. The only difference is it makes its deliveries on time. A newspaper has to keep its promises; it has to have its paper delivered on the doorstep every morning. Every man connected with a newspaper, no matter what his function, gets that discipline into his system."

Oranges were first grown in California in 1873.

W. N. U. 1973

## No Order Too Small

London Foundry Has Been Casting Bells For Centuries

Bells for the new carillon in Hamilton Cathedral, Canada, are now being cast at the ancient bell foundry in Whitechapel, London, England, where the craft of casting has been handed down from father to son for generations. The men here can cast any kind of bell. They cast the chiming for Big Ben. And they will take orders from mufin men, or make bells for cattle.

The courtyard of the foundry dates back to the fifteenth century. Bells that Queen Elizabeth must have heard, and the great cathedral bells of Canterbury, Winchester, Durham, and St. Paul's were all cast here. The craftsmen can calculate the note of a bell to a hair's breadth, even on so large a one as the greatest in the Hamilton carillon set, which is six feet, 4 inches across.

The men also make "hemisphere bells." These are flat-looking bells, intended for use in towers not strong enough to bear one of ordinary shape, or where a normal bell would not have room to swing. They are queer looking objects, but their tone is mellow and very beautiful.—London Correspondent.



By Ruth Rogers



PARIS SENDS A NOVEL NEW CAPED MODEL THAT BIT-TONS DOWN LEFT SHOULDER

It's a darling dress for the college girls and debutantes. It has a slim-line skirt with a wrapped effect. And don't you think the collar is really charming?

It's so easy to make, and so fascinating when finished.

Rough crepe silk and lightweight wools are especially lovely for this model.

The original chose dark hyacinth blue rough crepe silk with the collar in light hyacinth shade, accented by dark blue hyacinth bone buttons.

Style No. 967 is designed for sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 36 and 38 inches bust.

Size 16 requires 2 1/2 yards 36-inch with 1/2 yard 38-inch contrasting.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

## How To Order Patterns

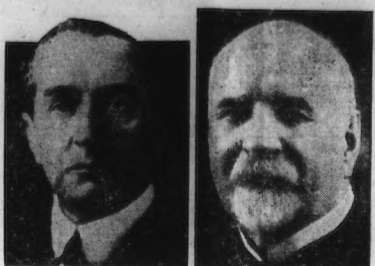
Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 170 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....

## CANADIAN AND AUSTRALIAN DELEGATES URGE CAUTION



The serious situation arising in the League of Nations Assembly over the Japanese-Chinese deadlock caused Right Hon. Stanley Bruce of Australia (left) and Hon. C. H. Cahoon of Canada (right), to urge the League not to do anything which would be offensive to Japan and cause a war in the Far East.

## Why Jury Duty Is Unpopular

Illness Or Death Only Reasons Accepted For Exemption

An Ontario judge refused to grant exemption from jury duty to a man who explained that if he had to serve, 22 men working for him, would be thrown out of employment temporarily. Jury service, said the judge, necessarily called for sacrifice, and any illness or death could be advanced as legitimate reasons for liberation from such service.

It seems to us—the judge in this incident took a highly technical and not wholly practical view of the situation. There was but one man who could keep these 22 at work, and no doubt many men were available who would have served the cause of justice equally well as a member of this jury. It was surely a case where the theoretical obligation of all citizens to do jury duty when called upon might have been tempered by the urgent importance of permitting man to earn wages when they can find work.

Jury duty would be less unpopular if courts had a little more consideration for the comfort and convenience of jurors. Most jurors serve at a financial sacrifice. They are guarded like prisoners, reprimanded publicly if late for roll-call, kept together for days at a time in important criminal cases. No doubt all this is necessary, justified by experience. But often men on the jury panel are compelled to remain within call when they might be released for a day or two; or, as in the case we have mentioned, forced to serve when there is excellent reason for release. A little more thought for the individual would make for greater smoothness in operation of this part of the judicial machines.—Ottawa Journal.

## Who Gets the Four?

Matier Of Discount On Canadian Dollar Is Confusing

Some confusion is apt to arise from the varying quotations on New York funds and the Canadian dollar. At times the quotation is given as premium on New York funds and at other times it is the discount on the Canadian dollar. A Canadian who goes to New York with \$100 and asks for United States money for his own may find the discount on his funds as high as 20 per cent, and he receives \$80. If he returns home without spending his \$80 of American money and the rate is the same, he receives only \$66 in Canadian funds. In order to get back his full \$100 the premium would have to be 25 per cent. Who gets the other \$14?

The annual catch of whales in the Antarctic exceeds 10,000.

## New Radio Policy

Will Likely Follow Plan Adopted By British Broadcasting Company

The radio commission of Canada will probably follow the policy adopted by the British Broadcasting Company in connection with the handling of election speeches, Hector Charlesworth, chairman of the newly-formed body, declares. In the United Kingdom, he explained, leaders and organizers of political parties, are requested to agree on certain periods for broadcasting election speeches, so that other programmes are not seriously interfered with.

The rule confining advertising content to five per cent, of each programme would be rigidly adhered to. Mr. Charlesworth declared, "but we must of necessity allow some time to Canadian advertisers; if not, they would be placed at an unfair advantage with U.S. advertisers. My idea with regard to the situation is that no Canadian station shall broadcast advertising in connection with a product that is not Canadian, or at least the product of a branch factory in this country."

## Principles Of Grading

Incentive To Quality Production Which Brings Better Prices

The grading of farm products as carried out under the administration of the Dominion Live Stock Branch is based on the principle that it is sound business to classify live stock and live stock products in such a way that the consumer will be able to recognize and purchase quality products, and that the price premium which the consumer will pay for the better grades should be returned to the producer of them. Practice has proven the value of the theory involved in the grading principle. Grading activities have been a tremendous incentive to quality production, with resultant price benefit to producers.

## Prefer To Be Blonde

While A. T. Fyrcroft, New Zealand naturalist, was collecting curios in the Santa Cruz group of islands he obtained moving pictures of eight Polynesian man, heavily tattooed, who arrived at Vanikoro, after a voyage of 120 miles in dugout canoes from their home on the island of Tikopia. These men are totally different in type from the Melanesians having long hair, stained yellow by treatment with lime.

Motor accidents in the United States cost American insurance companies \$500,000,000 last year.

The area of Alaska is nearly equal to that of Texas, California, Montana, Maryland, and Delaware combined.

## FANCIFUL FABLES



THE FANCY DIVING CHAMP TAKES UP SKIING

1914, Royal Canadian Mounted Police, 100, King Street, Toronto

# All Efforts Made By Australia To Exterminate Rabbit Pest Have So Far Proved Unavailing

## Literature On Down Grade

Poor Quality Of Books Now Being Published

There never was a better time than the present for aspiring young authors or they seem to be coming forward slowly, in the opinion of Henry L. Mencken, noted author and editor. Giving his views on the literary state of the United States he pointed out half a dozen books of excellent quality have been published during the last year, "but certainly there has been no such upsurge of really first rate newcomers as we saw in the first years of the century, and again in the first years of the war," Mr. Mencken added.

The American novel is in a very flabby condition and American poetry is almost dead, he thinks. The hard times have nothing to do with the matter. Publishers are turning out many books the same as ever but most of these are bad. A fault, he does not attribute to the publishers. They would print better ones if they could get them.

## Smallest Quantity Of Light Measured

Apparatus Catches Flow Of Three Electrons Every Minute

The smallest quantity of light ever detected electrically—that of the flow of three electrons every minute—has been caught and measured at Rice Institute, Houston, Texas.

The apparatus reaches further into the invisible than previous instruments by combining a photoelectric cell with a cosmic ray counter. It was described in the physical review by Gordon L. Locher of the Institute and of the Bartol Research Foundation of Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

How slight is a ray may be visualized from the fact that the ordinary dull red glow of a radio tube is the flow of about 100,000 electrons in a minute, but in a second.

## Hint Was Broad Enough

Queen Victoria Gave Shetland Pony To Famous Dwarf

An amusing story concerning Tom Thumb, the famous dwarf, is told by H. Sherwood, "The Great of Barnum's clowns," in his newly-published volume of reminiscences entitled "Hold Yer Horses."

When the great little man appeared before Queen Victoria she asked him to sing.

He obliged with "Yankee Doodle." Each time he came to the line, "Yankee Doodle came to town on a very small pony," Tom would glance longingly outside, for the tiny horse just suited Tom's size. Her majesty took the hint and Tom rode home in triumph.

## The Hunter's Primer

Good Idea Which Might Help Eliminate Careless Shooting

A hunter's primer should be prepared for who who secure a license to shoot game, something like the kind we used to study in the first grade. "This is a man." "This is a Moose." "This is a woman." "This is a partidge," etc. It seems that a man can shoot his friend in the woods with the same freedom that Al Capone bumped off an enemy on the sidewalks of New York except that Al did not have to pay \$2 for a license. Surely a hunter who kills a man should not be given the chance to shoot another for a good many years. That should be the very least penalty inflicted on him.

## Advice Worth Trying

If your spectacles become clouded with moisture when you enter a warm room on a cold day, try backing in through the door. The editor of the "Aden Review-Courier" sought scientific advice in this matter and obtained the foregoing suggestion. He says it works.

## Crosses Form Cross

The famous cross of snow in the Holy Cross National Forest of Colorado is formed by two snow-filled crevices on the side of the mountain. The cross is visible for miles.

Oddly enough when we send it by ship it is a cargo and when it goes by car it is a shipment.

The voting age for men and women in England is now 21 years.

"The problem facing Australia at this time is the great army of rabbits with which the continent is infested," said the Hon. T. B. Gordon, of Sydney, passing through New York on his way to England with his daughter, Miss V. E. Gordon. "We are trying in every way to cut down their great numbers, but they multiply so quickly that our efforts to decimate them make no noticeable reductions in the furry tribe. There are still hundreds of millions of them. A pair of rabbits will produce six liters of young ones in a year and each litter will average five rabbits. As soon as the bunnies are six months old they begin to breed. In five years a single pair of rabbits will increase to ten million pairs. Seven rabbits eat as much food as would keep one sheep."

Rabbits were first brought to Australia by a farmer near Melbourne, according to Mr. Gordon. He wanted something to remain in the country and the good old English sport of chasing the hare. He sent to England for a pair of rabbits and in due course they arrived. He turned them loose. In a year or so he could go hunting with considerable success. He soon found, however, that the rabbits multiplied so rapidly that his section was overrun. His pasture disappeared. He sought to wipe them out, but they increased by hundreds then by thousands. There was nothing left for his stock to feed on, he had to get rid of it, many of his cattle perishing on the bare fields abided to, eaten by the rabbits. Thus rabbits ate him out of house and home.

Passengers on the "Carinthia" cruise around the world via the Southern Hemisphere, which leaves New York next January will be driven to the country sections outside Sydney where they may view rabbits in bodes—also the methods being employed to destroy them. Poisoned food and water kill many of them. Rabbits killed in this manner are skinned and then the bodies are burned. One dry year as many as three million rabbits were killed by poison at one water hole. The payment of bounties proves effective and gives a good living to many men.

Rabbit-proof fences are proving successful. Some of these fences are hundreds of miles long with gates at intervals of a mile or more. There is a heavy penalty for leaving one of these gates open. The rabbit fence of Australia would reach several times around the earth.

Two hundred cats—foes of rabbits—were turned loose in Western Australia to combat the pest that is part of the country. The cats fraternized with the rabbits, living with them on the friendliest of terms. Foxes were introduced with the same purpose in view but they multiplied and killed sheep instead of rabbits. They are now forced to be shot.

New South Wales once offered a reward of \$125,000 to any one who would suggest or invent a means for the extermination of rabbits throughout that state. It was never claimed.

## Present Day Opportunities

Goods At Prices Now Prevailing Should Sell Readily

The low prices now prevailing on practically all kinds of goods represent a wonderful buying opportunity for our people. The idea that goods could be sold at such prices would have seemed preposterous three years ago. It may seem equally impossible three years from now that goods were sold in 1932 at these figures.

The people are making a mistake if they do not buy freely when such bargains are offered. But the public will not fully realize the value of these opportunities unless the detailed facts about them are constantly told through advertising. Goods at present prices ought to sell readily if well advertised.

## Put Up Or Shut Up

When it is hot and one wishes to sleep near an open window, it is his privilege, according to a judge in Berlin, Germany, but the sleeper cannot control outside noises. A Berliner brought an action to suppress noises which disturbed his slumber. The judge said he could either put up with them or close the window.

The native population of Australia has declined from about 300,000 in 1788 to 62,000 in 1935, or 80,000 if half-castes are included.

Denmark is considering the prohibition of over-time work.

## WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Seventy-two railway freight cars of Christmas trees have this year been shipped from Vancouver Island to all parts of the United States.

A Japanese government spokesman declared that resumption of diplomatic relations between Russia and China was most unwelcome to Japan.

For the first time Canada will be host to 31 countries which participate in the Pacific science congress in the summer of 1933.

St. Nicholas, the traditional original of Santa Claus, was fêted throughout Italy December 6, on the 1080th anniversary of his death.

Documents indicating that the North American continent was discovered in 1492 by the Portuguese navigator, Pedro Vazquez de la Montera, have been discovered.

The king took two firsts and a second prize with three-year-old red polled heifers at the annual red Christmas fat cattle show at Norwich, England.

Finding that cattle hides could not even be given away, a Ukrainian settlement in Alberta plans to establish a tannery and a shoe factory in the near future. G. W. Silevich told an audience at Winnipeg.

The board of railway commissioners has no jurisdiction to make contributions from the grade crossing fund to works which do not eliminate the crossing itself, the supreme court of Canada has decided.

Somewhat resembling a moratorium legislation is being considered by the Alberta government to aid farmer debtors. It is learned, it is expected the legislation will be placed before the legislature when it opens some time in January.

Disregarding friendly advice of Great Britain, Japan instructed its delegation at Geneva to reject the proposal that an international constitution commission be created to attempt a settlement of the China-Japan controversy over Manchuria.

### Cheapening the Dollar

United States Senator Favors Temporary Suspension Of Gold Standard

United States Senator Ellison Smith, Democrat from South Carolina, told newspapermen he favored a "temporary suspension" of the gold standard by the United States to "cheapen the dollar and increase commodity prices."

As an example, he said cotton was selling for 11 cents a pound in Liverpool, but that this meant only five cents in the United States by the time exchange had been made.

"Cheapening the dollar by suspending the gold standard temporarily," Smith concluded, "would raise commodity prices and aid the farmer and industry."

### Most Beautiful Words

List Of Ten Selected By New York Post

Wilfred F. Funk, poet and dictionary publisher of New York, lists what he considers the 10 most beautiful words in the English language—"beautiful" in meaning and in the musical arrangement of their letters.

His list compiled after a "thorough shifting of thousands of words," follows: Dawn, Hush, Lullaby, Murmuring, Tranquil, Mist, Luminous, Chimes, Golden, Melody.

"The long vowel sounds and the soft consonants make these words flow smoothly," Mr. Funk said.

### Spanish Cabinet Criticized

But Republicans Come To Defence Of Author Members

Criticism of the new Republican cabinet of Spain on the ground that half of its members are authors has brought a reply from champions of the new regime. They declare that Blanco Ibanez, the novelist, with his many political activities proved that all authors are not always dreamy and impractical persons. They also point out that Premier MacDonald of England, Mussolini, Lenin, Trotsky, and others were journalists before they became powers in their countries.

### Side Line For Fishermen

Fishermen during 1928 made a gross income of \$134,000 through the sale of 2,344,000 pounds of fish scales. These were sold to paint manufacturers for use in "pearlrescence" paint.

Beavers have laid waste stretches of woods near Mandel in Norway.

W. N. U. 1928

### New Uniform

British Tommy To Be Clothed In More Comfortable Fashion

The Dominion troops set an example to the Old Country during the war of uniforms giving utility and comfort rather than parade ground smartness. The new uniforms intended for the British army which were shown in London by the war office are more easy wearing than anything conceived of before. They suggest Boy Scouts and week-end hikers more than the old-style of His Majesty's regiments.

The cap is not the stiff, peaked variety, it is a hat with wide brim giving shade to eyes and neck and it is of a soft material and can be rolled up and put in the pocket. It has no chin strap or other kind of fastener and one imagines that if a line of soldiers are on parade every hat will be at a different angle and every brim will be flapping in the wind.

Instead of the tight tunic with thick collar buttoning close up the neck the new jacket is loose fitting and has an open neck. It has pouch pockets and the buttons are of gun metal instead of brass which needs to be polished.

### Life Has Been Exciting

Former British War Secretary Has Always Lived Dangerously

Major-General, the Right Hon. Sir John Seely, former Secretary of War and Under Secretary for Air, attained his 64th birthday recently, much to the surprise of everyone, especially himself. He has always lived dangerously and has had many hairbreadth escapes. Among his many thrilling experiences are falling a mere 200 feet down a cliff, facing a hostile rifle at 15 yards, when a miss seemed impossible, and escaping from a "plane" when the petrol tank exploded at an altitude of 4,000 feet. His book of personal adventures makes exciting reading.

### Winnipeg Newspaper Union



By Ruth Rogers



SUCH A HOST OF DELIGHTFUL NEW STYLES FOR THE WEE ONES—AND HERE'S A DARLING

It has the fashionable wide shoulders.

It is simple smartness that marks the little Parisienne's clothes. It's double-breasted to assure warmth. And don't you like the way it buttons right up to the neckline? The turn-over collar is comfy besides being smart.

You can make it in an amazingly short time. Light hyacinth-blue soft woolen made the original French model. It's so unusual and new looking, and quite practical besides.

A tiny check woolen in soft brown with beige is cunning scheme.

Style No. 955 is designed for sizes 2, 4 and 6 years.

Size 4 requires 1½ yards 54-inch with 1½ yards 35-inch lining.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

### How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

.....

.....

Town .....

### NEW YORK'S EX-MAYOR IN FRANCE



Former Mayor James J. Walker of New York, is shown with Miss Betty Compton, well known musical comedy star of Broadway, as they enjoyed the sea breezes on the rocks at Cape d'Antibes, popular resort in the South of France. The ex-Mayor is planning to write his memoirs after he has had a long rest.

### A Strange Occupation

Science May Do Away With Smoke Watchers In England

Smoke watching, one of Britain's strangest occupations, is declining.

Imperfect firing of boilers makes for soot-laden air, and many firms send old employees to the roofs of power stations and factories. They sit with a piece of mica glass in their hands, and when they can see smoke through the dark glass they signal the boiler-room and the fuel supply is cut down.

Scientists, however, have perfected a device by which, if smoke becomes too heavy in a chimney, a warning bell is sounded and the boiler-room attendants know they have been firing too heavily.

The smoke watchers, whose profession is threatened by this device work in eight-hour shifts, day and night, rain or sunshine.—Answers.

### Holland Solves Difficulty

The aquarium at Amsterdam, Holland, has the reputation of being the only one which has been successful in housing a school of herring. The difficulties in keeping these fish in aquarium quarters, it is said, is that they bump into the rocks at night and kill themselves. Officials at the Amsterdam aquarium have overcome this obstacle by providing the herring with a night lamp.

She—"You think more of that old wireless set than you do of me." He—"Well, I get less interference from it."

### Have Been Working Overtime

Egg-Laying Contests In England Show High Average

British chickens have been working overtime this year. Reports of the 1931-32 egg-laying trials show that both averages and individual records are higher than in previous years.

For instance, 3,300 pullets entered in the national test at Milford, Surrey, returned an average of over 185 eggs per bird for 48 weeks. Four pullets laid over 300 eggs each, the highest score being 318 and the best, having regard to quality as well as quantity, being 314.

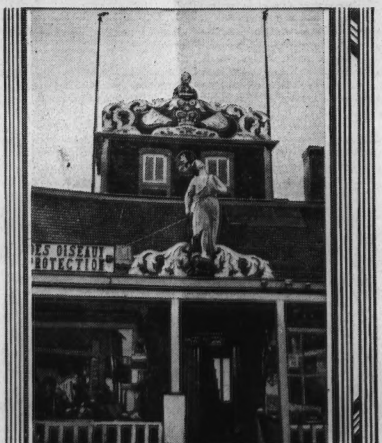
But the most amazing record of all had nothing to do with the tests; it was set up, quite involuntarily, by a hen which wandered into the line of play while a game of golf was in progress, and was hit by one of the balls. It jumped high in the air and then, when it came down, laid six eggs in rapid succession—two with shells and four without.—Answers.

### Did Not Produce Results

A survey conducted by Editor & Publisher shows that the concentrated radio campaign in the closing weeks of the presidential election race was ineffectual in winning votes. In fact, the only difference the broadcasting barrage made was to send the people to the polls with a bigger carache than ever before.

Teacher: "Can you tell me the kind of illumination they had on Noah's ark?" Little Tommy: "Arc lights."

## + Do You Know? +



THAT at Mont Jolie in the Province of Quebec there is a little general store whose front is decorated, as shown above, by figure heads found drifting in the St. Lawrence River more than one hundred years ago, following the wrecks of wooden ships? The figure on the top of the building is believed to be from the bridge of a French Admiral's ship and the lower figure is from a Swedish baroque and represents a Scandinavian princess. The medallion in the center is the head of a General Wolfe, conqueror of Canada. The owner has refused many thousands of dollars for these curiosities.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

DECEMBER 25

### GOD'S GIFT TO MAN—CHRISTMAS LESSON

Golden Text: "For God so loved the world, that He gave His only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth on Him should not perish, but have eternal life."—John 3:16.

Lesson: Luke 2:1-20.

Devotional Reading: Isaiah 9:6, 7.

### Explanations and Comments

The Birth Of Jesus At Bethlehem, verses 1-7.—When Caesar ordered the enrollment of everyone in the Roman Empire, the people of Palestine went each to "his own city" to be enrolled. Bethlehem had been the home of David, their ancestor, and therefore Mary and Joseph went from Nazareth of Galilee, where they were living, to Bethlehem to be enrolled.

There Jesus was born, and Mary laid Him in a manger, because there had been no room for them in the inn. The Story Of The Shepherds and the Angels, verses 8-14.—"Be not afraid," for behold, I bring you good tidings of great joy which shall be to all the people," were the angel's glad words heard by shepherds who were watching their flocks in the fields near Bethlehem on the night that Jesus was born. And the good tidings was this: There is born to you this day in the City of David a Saviour, who is Christ the Lord. Christ is the title of Jesus as the One consecrated to be the Redeemer of the world, for it means "The Anointed One."

"The Son of God became Son of man that the Son of man might become sons of God."

"And this is the sign unto you: Ye shall stand a babe wrapped in swaddling clothes, and lying in a manger," the angel explained. The "sign" was the unusual circumstance of the Babe's being cradled in a manger.

The swaddling clothes were the bands of cloth, which the Oriental mothers wrap tightly around the body of her babe, confining the legs and arms.

Suddenly a multitude of the heavenly host appeared praising God and saying, "Glory to God in the highest, and on earth peace among men in whom He is well pleased."

The secret of the true Christmas spirit is in forgetting self and finding one's happiness in others' joys. It is the spirit of the heavenly host; their personalities are in the background as they sing their tidings of great joy to the world.

"For somehow, not only at Christmas, but all the long year through."

The joy that you give to others, is the joy that comes back to you."

### Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

#### SUGAR COOKIES

2½ cups special cake flour, sifted.  
2 teaspoons baking powder.  
½ teaspoon nutmeg.  
½ cup butter or other shortening.  
1 cup sugar.  
2 eggs, well beaten.  
1 teaspoon rose lemon.  
1 tablespoon cream.

Sift flour once, measure, add baking powder and nutmeg, and sift together twice. Cream butter thoroughly, add sugar gradually, and cream together until light and fluffy. Add eggs, lemon rind, and cream, and beat well. Add flour, a small amount at a time. Beat after each addition until smooth. Roll into thin sheet on slightly floured board. Cut with floured cookie cutter and dredge with sugar. Bake in hot oven (425 degrees Fahrenheit) about 7 minutes. Makes 2½ dozen cookies.

#### PUMPKIN CUSTARD

½ cup stewed and strained pumpkin.  
1½ cups milk (or 1 cup milk and ½ cup light cream).  
1 package vanilla junket.  
¼ teaspoon cinnamon.  
¼ teaspoon ginger.  
¼ teaspoon salt.

Mix pumpkin with salt, ginger, and cinnamon. Add milk, or milk and cream and stir thoroughly. Warm mixture to lukewarm (110 degrees Fahrenheit) Not Hot, stirring constantly. Remove from stove and add junket powder. Stir briskly not more than one minute. Pour at once into individual dessert glasses. Let stand until firm—about 10 minutes. Chill and serve. Whipped cream may be added as topping if desired.

#### Vine Hard On Tires

California is spending \$150,000 a year to rid the state of a vine that is a costly pest to motorists. It is the "puny vine," a creeping plant which, when crossing a road sends its sharp spines through an automobile tire.

#### Must Supply Own Books

Pupils of public schools in Glasgow, Scotland, will not have free school books unless they are too poor to buy them. A sub-committee recently recommended supplying the books to all pupils next year, but the town council has voted down the plan.

## Relief Commission

Saskatchewan Body To Accept Responsibility For Unemployed Girls

The Saskatchewan relief commission accepts full responsibility for single girls physically able to accept positions on farms, once they are placed.

This is the interpretation placed on the agreement forwarded from Ottawa following a series of conferences between provincial government and relief commission officials, and was given by C. B. Daniel, general manager of the Saskatchewan relief commission.

The commission assumes no responsibility for such persons until they are actually placed. They remain a charge on the municipality, town or village until such time.

The commission is empowered, pending placement, to pay to accepted organizations such as municipalities and relief committees, the actual cost of food and shelter for single homeless unemployed men and women, physically fitted to accept work on farms, or in the case of men, to enter a concentration camp, providing such aggregate food, clothing and shelter allowance does not exceed 40 cents per man-day.

Ottawa has been wined by the commission seeking clarification on the question as to whether single unemployed girls may be placed in city homes under the government assisted scheme, and also whether the commission may place them with organization such as the Y.W.C.A. and pay up to 40 cents per day for their keep.

### Wireless Telephony

Will It In Time Supplant The Old Morse Code

Wireless telephony has swept away much of the usefulness of the Morse Code. And now comes the news that its place in the British post office telephone system is being taken by the teleprinter.

But I think it will be a long time before they kill the romance of the Morse Code in the public eye.

The first words ever tapped out by Morse were, "What hath God Wrought?" They were sent from Washington to Baltimore on May 24, 1844, by Samuel Morse, whose electromagnetic telegraph was regarded as a wild scheme—until he succeeded.

The most important message next transmitted was from a ship in distress—the "C Q D" which signified "Come Quickly, Danger."

But nowadays if an airman is in distress, he does not send out an "S O S." He just gives the word "Mayday" into his wireless telephone. That word is said to be a corruption of the French "M'Aidez" (Help Me).

### No Premium On Gold

Vancouver Banker Had Edge On United States Citizen

A United States citizen presented some bills, silver dollars and several \$5 gold pieces of his country's currency at a Vancouver bank. He got 19 cents premium on the dollar for his bills, eight cents on his silver and nothing on his gold.

He protested against the discrimination against gold in favor of paper, but the banker explained: "Your gold pieces are worth no more to us than Canadian gold pieces of the same face value. We will give \$5 in Canadian bills for a \$5 Canadian gold piece, and we can give no more for an American gold piece of the same amount."

"But I thought you were paying a premium on gold?"

"That's what the mines," replied the banker.

"And, by the way," stated the banker, "you will have to leave the gold here now, because it is illegal to take gold out of Canada without a Government license."

### Watch Returned By Thief

Accusing Ticks Have Bothered Him For Thirty Years

For 30 years a watch has ticked the guilt of a man of Dusseldorf, Germany. Unable to stand the accusing ticks any longer the thief has just sent it to the police anonymously with a note explaining that he had taken the timepiece from the table at the bedside of a sleeping man. He added that he hoped the timepiece still alive because it was certain that the robbed one would be as pleased to get rid of the watch as the writer was to get rid of it.

### Elk Island National Park, Alberta, contains about 700 elk, 1,900 buffalo, 560 moose and over 200 deer.



## FIVE NATIONS IN DEFAULT ON WAR DEBTS

Washington.—The United States treasury's books recorded France, Belgium and three lesser European nations in default on their obligations to the United States while opposite the names of Great Britain, Italy, Czechoslovakia, Finland, Latvia and Lithuania was written the word "paid."

Thus the first general war debt payment date since inauguration of the Hoover one-year moratorium on inter-governmental debts—mid-summer a year ago—found the nations owing America sharply divided into two groups.

Excepting Italy, the paying nations, like the defaulters, had posted and employed all diplomatic means to win postponement of the instalments and reconsideration of their entire war debt.

However, upon America's insistence that they pay, they chose to keep their credit standing with the United States unimpaired. In so doing they heeded the reiterated urging of Secretary Henry L. Stimson that such action would put them in preferred position to obtain a re-study of their obligations.

How the defaulters will face in this could not be foreseen. No official up to now had said a word as to this country's future course, but an impression was current that until some settlement of their past due payments has been made, these nations will receive no concessions from the United States.

The bitter feeling engendered in congress by France's refusal to pay manifested itself afresh in legislative proposals to hamper defaulting nations.

Senator Kenneth D. McKellar, Tennessee Democrat, offered a resolution to impose a \$5,000 visa fee on American passports for defaulting countries. Representative Joseph J. Mansfield, Democrat from Texas, offered a similar plan, with the fee at \$500 and the life of the passport only 60 days.

### Attacks Interest Rates

Too High For Average Man Says Hon. H. H. Stevens

Victoria, B.C.—"A sharper line of demarcation must be drawn between loans for purely speculative financing and financing for bona fide commercial enterprises and there ought to be something in the Dominion statutes to correct this and I think there will be."

This was the statement made by Hon. H. H. Stevens, Minister of Trade and Commerce, in an address to the Victoria Canadian Club here.

The interest rates charged by banking and loan institutions were bitterly attacked by the Minister of Trade and Commerce. He knew, he said, that the man in business or the farmer on the land, could not afford to pay seven, eight or nine per cent. for money with which to carry on his legitimate business. Six per cent. is all that he can pay, said Mr. Stevens.

### New Coal Discovery

Prospectors Locate Coal In Great Bear Lake Area

Calgary, Alberta.—Two prospectors returned from the north recently with word of a coal discovery in the Great Bear Lake country where silver and radium has been found. H. B. Montgomery and Pete Davidson are the men who found the coal field and have staked it for a Calgary syndicate.

The coal discovery was made directly across the Great Bear Lake from Echo Bay. The men plan to return to the district next spring with a diamond drill to determine the field's extent.

### Application Refused

Ottawa, Ont.—Justice A. I. Crockett, of the Supreme Court of Canada, refused an application for a stay of proceedings in connection with the deportation of 10 alleged Communists detained by immigration authorities at Halifax. As the case now stands, the men may be deported before their appeal to the privy council is disposed of.

### Motorman Hit By Bullet

Winnipeg, Man.—A bullet from a .22 calibre rifle crashed through a street car window and wounded Motorman-Conductor John Werthe in the arm.

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## Death Of Senator Ross,

Was First Member Elected In Yukon To Federal House

Victoria, B.C.—James Hamilton Ross, Canadian senator and pioneer of Moose Jaw, Sask., died at Victoria recently.

Senator Ross was 76 years old. He has resided with his daughter in Victoria for some months.

Hon. J. H. Ross, in celebrating his 76th birthday this year, was acclaimed as one of the notable pioneers of the west, especially of his home city, Moose Jaw, which he had watched grow into one of the most important railway centres of the west.

He was the first member elected in Yukon to the Federal House of Commons, this honor coming to him after 20 years of service in the public life of the prairies prior to the formation of the provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan.

He was elected to the Northwest assembly in 1883, and retained his seat until 1901. In 1887 he had been an unsuccessful candidate for the Federal House in the constituency of West Assiniboia. As a member of the territorial executive council he was treasury commissioner of public works and territorial secretary.

In 1901 he was appointed commissioner of Yukon territory, and in 1902 was nominated by the Liberal party for the Federal Yukon seat. In 1903 he took his seat in the House of Commons and September 30, 1904, was summoned to the senate.

### Faith In H.B. Route

Scottish Shipping Interests Have Great Interest In Northern Sea Way

Saskatoon, Saskatchewan.—Scottish interests are waiting for Canadians to take the initiative and show faith in the Hudson Bay route and there is a lack of important data available on the other side of the Atlantic respecting the route. At Churchill, was the message of Alexander McOwan, Canadian National Railways agent at Glasgow, and one-time editor of the Saskatoon Phoenix, in an interview here. Mr. McOwan recently returned to the city from Scotland.

Scottish people have a traditional interest in Hudson Bay. Mr. McOwan declared, reminding his interviewer of the halcyon days of the great fur company when the bay was the gateway to all western Canada. All vessels faring northwest called at Scotch ports and for generations the army of servants of the Hudson's Bay Company were recruited in the northern counties of Scotland's mainland and the island.

### Coal Gas Kills Three

Small Children Inhale Deadly Fumes From Stove

Ottawa, Ont.—While their foster mother and her four children slept peacefully in another part of the house three one-year-old children inhaled deadly fumes from a kitchen coal stove and died.

The little tots, all wards of the city, were under the care of Mrs. Malvina Krouvac, who ran a supervised boarding home to supplement the meagre income she received as a charwoman at the Dominion Government Buildings.

Mrs. Krouvac put her own four children to bed upstairs and went to sleep herself on a couch in the dining room. She was awakened in the small hours of the morning and noticed a faint smell of gas.

Rushing to the kitchen she found two of the babies dead and called a doctor. The third child was rushed to hospital but died soon after its arrival.

### British Bandits Sentenced

London, Eng.—Two of the three bandits who on October 19 slugged a postman into insensibility in front of Euston station and made a daring theft of a bag of registered mail were sentenced in Old Bailey, Henry Hartman, aged 22, was given 18 months of hard labour and 18 strokes of the birch, while Frederick Harris, aged 47, was sentenced to six years in penitentiary.

### Work For Youths

Calgary, Alberta.—The Alberta relief commission, its chairman, A. E. Mackenzie announced, was willing to provide a special work for unemployed youths between 19 and 21 years of age and to allow a portion of the day for educational training. Mr. Mackenzie said if any public organization took an interest in the boys the special camp would be set up.

Whalers of Norway have agreed on production quotas for this season.

## Proposal Too Indefinite

U.S. Railway Workers Turn Down Wage Cut Extension

Chicago.—Railway brotherhood delegates rejected the proposal of the U.S. railroad managements that the deadline, next January 31, for the termination of the present temporary 10 per cent. wage reduction of rail employees be extended indefinitely.

Alexander F. Whitney, chairman of the employees' representatives at the joint wage scale conference, presented the answer of the brotherhood to the executives at the opening of today's joint session. He made clear that labor would not accept any indefinite extension of the present wages, but would be willing to discuss an extension if a definite termination were fixed.

## Fire Follows Explosion

Defective Furnace In Montreal Store Causes Heavy Damage

Montreal, Que.—An explosion in the basement of a store followed by fire that swept through a night club and two other establishments caused damage estimated between \$30,000 and \$75,000.

The force of the explosion blew out a wall of the building and left a passage for the flames which spread rapidly. A defective furnace is believed to have caused the blast.

Firemen brought the blaze under control after an hour's work. Several persons narrowly escaped injury. Traffic on St. Catharines Street east was delayed for some time.

## U. S. AROUSED OVER DEFAULT OF FRENCH DEBT

Washington.—A chorus of denunciation and a threat of punitive action issued from the United States congress in response to the French parliament's decision not to pay its war debt instalment.

Meanwhile, a Belgian note giving notice that default of its \$2,125,000 payment could be expected was made public by the state department and a Polish embassy statement indicated that country would not pay its instalment.

Senators and representatives in quick succession gave vent to their feelings with remarks about ingratitude and lack of wisdom on the part of France.

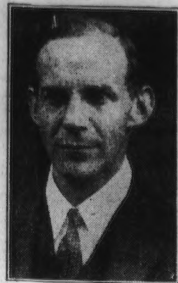
Representative Harold Knutson, Minnesota Republican, put before the House of Representatives a resolution which would forbid entry into the United States of securities issued by governments that have defaulted on their debt payments, prohibit their advertisement for sale, and bar the securities from the mails.

Indications were lacking as to whether this or any similar proposal would be advanced any further.

At the state department Secretary Henry L. Stimson discussed Belgium's decision not to pay the \$2,125,000 instalment, with that country's ambassador, Paul May. What Stimson told him was not disclosed.

One result of the French default expected here is that pending negotiations for a commercial treaty with that country, trade will come to a standstill. France was definitely regarded both in official, executive and congressional quarters as isolated by the parliamentary action.

## DIRECTOR OF NAVY



Viscount Wolmer (above) has been appointed third civilian member of the Board of Management of the Navy, Army and Air Force Institutes, commonly known as "Naffy." He succeeds Lord Irwin, who resigned recently.

## Denies Intention To Murder Ex-Kaiser

Had Letter To Deliver Claims Man Caught In Castle

Doorn, Holland.—Helrich Fuehrer, caught in the former German Kaiser's castle with a loaded revolver and a 12-inch dagger, was turned over to German authorities after he had denied any intention to assassinate the ex-emperor.

Fuehrer, a native of Neusach, Rhine-land, claimed he entered Doorn House in an effort to deliver a letter to the ex-kaiser from Adolf Hitler, German Fuehrer leader. He armed himself, Fuehrer said, as protection against possible attacks from dogs or servants on the premises.

He invaded the grounds by clinging to the side of an automobile. It was recalled that Germans have frequently made efforts to enter the former Kaiser's estate but this is the first time a man has been caught so heavily armed.

It was understood that the guard at the estate is to be strengthened with the additions of at least four men and several more police dogs.

## Its First Appearance

Canadian Broadcasting Commission Makes Initial Bow Christmas Day

Ottawa, Ont.—The new Canadian Radio Broadcasting commission will make its initial bow on Christmas Day as a purveyor of broadcasting service to the Canadian people. The Canadian section of the Empire broadcast, from London, will be under the direction of the commission. The broadcast will occupy approximately one hour, from 9 to 10 o'clock, 7 a.m. to 8 a.m. mountain standard time.

## Received Third Payment

More Money For Southern Alberta Sugar Beet Growers

Lethbridge, Alberta.—Santa Claus has been kind to the sugar beet growers of southern Alberta for on December 20 another payment—this will be the third this fall and winter—of \$175,000 went out to the growers. With this payment the farmers will have received \$675,000 for beets. The factory here has made 31,000,000 pounds of sugar to date and will be operating until January 15.

## Hope For Future

Premier Bennett Refers To Benefits From Imperial Conference

London, Eng.—In an earnest plea before an audience of notables, Prime Minister R. B. Bennett of Canada urged that agreements growing out of last summer's Ottawa economic conference be considered rather in the light of the hope they offered for the future than in that of present accomplishments.

Mr. Bennett spoke at an informal dinner in his honor which was presided over by Sir Robert Horne, a former Conservative Chancellor of the Exchequer.

## Withdraw From League

Mexico Intends To Drop Out Of League Of Nations

Mexico City.—Mexico intends to withdraw from the League of Nations, it was learned from a semi-official source.

Reason for the decision, it was explained, is the necessity for economy. An official declaration is expected from the foreign office.

The cost of membership, ranging from \$60,000 to \$80,000 a year, is considered too heavy to be borne by Mexico, which is now struggling to balance its budget, the unofficial source said.

## Changes Predicted

New Business Methods To Be Developed In The Future

Vancouver, B.C.—The opinion that great changes are coming in business method, by the gradual failure of one system and the building up of another, was expressed by Hon. H. H. Stevens, Minister of Trade and Commerce, in an address under the auspices of the junior chamber of civic affairs. The change would not come by drawing up some blue print plan, but through thinking it out day by day, he said.

## BRITISH DEFICIT RESULTS FROM DEBT PAYMENT

London, Eng.—Neville Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, told the House of Commons that payment of Great Britain's \$95,550,000 debt instalment involves a budgetary deficit equivalent to £29,500,000.

Opening the debate on war debts he was specific when he said the old regime of war debts and reparations interrupted by the Hoover moratorium "can never be revived."

The agreement reached in Lausanne ended the existing system of reparations, he said, and "if the United States had been willing to send a representative to the Lausanne conference a final settlement might have been made on the spot."

The Chancellor argued insistently that President Hoover by implication recognized the connection between war debts and reparations because he proposed that all inter-governmental debts be suspended during the moratorium.

"It is an important matter," he said, "because it justified the statement in the recent British note that the initiative taken by the European powers at the Lausanne conference was taken with the cognizance and approval of the United States government."

And Great Britain stands by the policy of the clean slate and the famous Balfour note. She does not want to collect from her debtors any more than she has to pay her creditors.

But—and there were cheers as Mr. Chamberlain added—"They cannot expect us to be content with less." Complete remission of the debts owed to the United Kingdom is dependent on complete remission by the United States. If the Anglo-American discussions resulted for instance in a final settlement by way of some fixed capital sum "then our debtors must come and discuss with us on what terms and to what extent they are compelled to scale down their payments to us."

Default by Great Britain of further payment Thursday, was out of the question, the Chancellor declared. It would have rebounded all over the world. "It would have administered a shock to the moral sense of our people," Mr. Chamberlain went on.

Any further payment would have to be met out of the current revenue and, the Chancellor proceeded, "the taxation in this country is sufficient to prevent us from acquiescing in the payment of inter-governmental debts which leave us with a liability over what we receive."

## GERMANY IS RECEIVED BACK IN ARMS MEET

Geneva, Switzerland.—The general commission of the World Disarmament Conference, meeting here for the first time since July 23, formally received Germany back into the conference and adjourned until January 31.

The leading powers, meanwhile, are planning to continue in January their conversations which resulted in reuniting the conference and will be joined in their private deliberations by Arthur Henderson, president of the conference, who will be an observer for the plenary conference.

The committee for studying the military forces of the various nations has drawn up a complete scheme for determining the relative value of armies, but their work appears doomed to failure through the continued Franco-German disagreement.

The German representatives object to the exclusion of trained reserves from the application of the effectiveness committee's scheme. The French insist on such exclusion.

At the brief meeting held recently, representatives of the lesser powers voiced resentment over the usurpation of the duties of the conference by the private five-power disarmament discussions of the past week.

Mexico's Livshitz, the Russian member, charged the five big powers with "dominance," to which accusation Sir John Simon of Great Britain and Rene Masagil of France replied the conference of the big five was justified on the grounds that they had succeeded in bringing Germany back to the conference.

## Warning For Hunger Marchers In Alberta

R.C.M.P. Have Orders To Prevent March At All Points

Edmonton, Alberta.—Second warning to "hunger marchers" moving on Edmonton from all parts of the province in small groups has been issued by Premier J. E. Brownlie of Alberta.

Any insistence on the part of agitators in carrying out the plan will be construed as a challenge to constituted authority and will be dealt with as such, the premier declared. He reiterated orders had been issued to Royal Canadian Mounted Police to prevent the march.

Organized allegedly by Communists in the Crowns Nest and Red Deer Valley coal fields, the marchers were slated to gather in Calgary from southern Alberta points December 6 and march to Edmonton, joining others there for a half-way point on the 200-mile stretch to the capital. About half a dozen, police information said, reached Calgary by truck and headed for Edmonton.

## Soviet Delegates In London

Endeavour To Negotiate New Trade Agreement

London, Eng.—Walter Runciman, president of the Board of Trade, and Major J. D. Colville, Minister of Overseas Trade, received delegates from the Soviet Government for negotiation of a new trade agreement. There was a short preliminary discussion.

After the Ottawa Imperial Conference last summer, the British Government announced it was terminating its trade agreement with the Soviet Government. At the Ottawa conference there was much criticism by spokesmen for the Dominions of alleged Russian dumping in the United Kingdom.

It was indicated then the British-Russia trade treaty would be abrogated and efforts made to draw up a new one.

### Schools Need Aid

London, Eng.—Unless financial assistance is forthcoming for London's separate schools, the trustees may be forced to ask the Board of Education to take over the education of Roman Catholic children within a short period, according to an announcement by Albert H. Murphy, chairman of the local separate school board.

### Opening Of B.C. House

Victoria, B.C.—The British Columbia legislature will open early in February, it was intimated by Premier S. F. Tolmie. The premier will leave for Ottawa about January 10 to attend the unemployment conference of provincial premiers with Prime Minister R. B. Bennett on January 17.

## Christmas Greetings



## Seas Reducing British Isles

One Square Mile Shorn From Its Total Every Year

Though most of English school children are familiar with the shape of their country as they see it on maps today, it is possible that the coastline with which their grand-children will be acquainted will be considerably different from what it is now if the sea continues unchecked its game of "put-and-take" with the land.

It has even been suggested by eminent scientists that the British Isles are being tilted toward the Atlantic by the lowering of the ocean floor on the southwest coast, and that hills in that part of the country are two or three feet lower than they were half a century ago.

Although the nibbling away of headlands in Great Britain is to some degree compensated for by the silting up of river estuaries, and new land is thus being reclaimed by a process of robbing Peter to pay Paul, on balance it is the sea that is winning, a fact of great importance in view of the size of this island kingdom, which every year is being shorn of a square mile of its total of only 80,000 square miles.

It has been estimated that about 2,000,000 tons of cliff are washed away every year around the coasts of Great Britain, and that in the last hundred years more than a billion tons have been lost in this manner.

In Norfolk and Suffolk, where the sea makes the worst inroads, towns that were famous in the middle ages have disappeared entirely, and the under-water sites of some of the more than half a mile from the present coast line. The popular seaside resort of Cromer was once a small inland village in the parish of Shipden, an important medieval seaport which was destroyed by a sudden incursion of the sea in the fifteenth century.

Until quite recently it was possible at low tide to see, nearly half a mile from the cliffs of Cromer, large masses of walls and of square flints, which sailors called Shipden Church Rock. Two miles along the coast from Cromer at the village of Overstrand a hotel built less than fifty years ago is perched precariously on the edge of the cliff, and some of the rooms have already collapsed on to the beach below. On the same part of the coast whole fields disappear entirely in fifty years.

While the people who live on the "humps" of England are continually battling to keep the sea back, there are several old seaports such as Rye and Winchelsea, in Sussex, which have lost it entirely and been stranded high and dry a mile inland. In the Fenland of East Anglia large areas that were once under water have been reclaimed and are now the richest agricultural lands in England, while the Romans, the Dutch in the seventeenth century, and German prisoners during the great war all had a hand in draining parts of the Wash, the large square inlet of the sea on the east coast of England.

But the gains do not make up for the losses and millions of dollars will have to be expended in keeping out the sea where it is not wanted. It is estimated that the average cost along the whole coastline of Great Britain is \$10,000 a mile, but it costs the people of Minehead in the west of England, \$150,000 a mile to protect themselves from the inroads of the ocean. Blackpool has spent \$200,000 in recent years on coast protection, while at Scarborough, in Yorkshire, a sea wall which had cost the town \$200,000 collapsed into the sea during a storm a few years ago.

### Pacific Science Congress

For the First Time Meeting Will Be Held At Pacific Coast In 1933

For the first time Canada will be host to 31 countries which participate in the Pacific science congress in the summer of 1933. Plans were made for the fifth meeting of the congress (and the first on this continent), to be held in Vancouver and Victoria in June of the present year. General economic conditions, however, made postponement advisable. It is now announced the meeting will be held in the Pacific coast cities, probably next June.

### Female Impersonator Dead

Benjamin (Gene) Pearson, 31, female impersonator and one of the members of the Dumbells Theatrical Company, died suddenly in Cleveland, Ohio. Pearson was born in Toronto and had been engaged in theatrical work for a number of years.

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## Not Proficient In Grammar

Capable Bandmaster In Chicago Schools Loses His Position

It may be that James Sylvester, who studied music in Naples, led the band of the 140th artillery in the Rainbow division during the world war and developed at least two prize winning bands at Westcott Junior High School, was not perfectly clear as to the precise shade of difference between "shall" and "will," or was confused when asked whether "who" or "whom" was the correct form of the relative pronoun in a given sentence. Anyway, after eight years of service as bandmaster in Chicago schools, he submitted to a required examination, was "plucked" in English and lost his job. At least, that is his story.

In music Bandmaster Sylvester made high grades, he avers. Paring a musical phrase is easy for him. Show him anything written on a staff for interpretation through brasses, woodwinds or percussion instruments and he can tell you whether it is musically correct. He knows his sharps and flats and can express himself in any key on flute or saxophone. What more should be asked of a bandmaster?

It is true that words sometimes amuse music, but they are just as likely to be German or Italian or French as English, and grammar was never a major consideration with song writers. Assuming that the facts are as he alleges, his request seems reasonable. In certain school situations, a capable bandmaster is worth a dozen pedantic grammarians.—Chicago Daily News.

## Search Has Been Rewarded

After Twenty Years Botanist Has Found Scented Musk Plant

This is not a detective story. It concerns the musk plant which used to be famous for its delicate scent which is as old as the hills. The fact is all parts of the world suddenly became scentless and only in rare cases has scented musk occurred. Even wild musk plants lost all traces of perfume.

Now comes news that after a world-wide search, botanists have discovered a scented musk growing in a tiny district on one of the islands in the Gulf of Georgia. A botanist visiting the island was conscious of a perfume which seemed to revive old memories. For a while he could not think what it was; then it occurred to him that it was musk. Close to where he was standing was a little patch of sweet-smelling wild musk—probably the only scented musk plants in the world.

Specimens of the find have been sent to museums and great interest has been taken in the revival by gardeners and florists. Now that scented musk has been found once more it may not be long before the perfume is as well known in our homes as it was in the days of Queen Victoria.—Tit-Bits.

## One Of The Best

Old British Vessel To Be Used As Training Ship

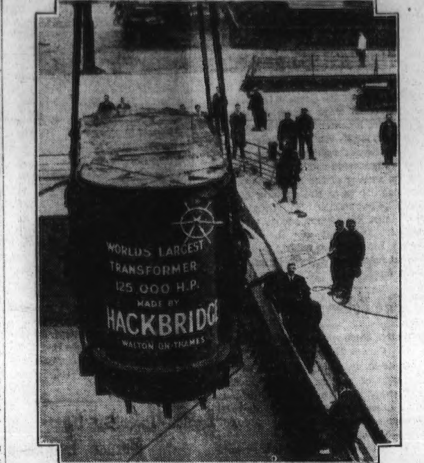
One of the sights of the Thames, the famous old training ship "Arctura," is giving place to a most modern vessel, the four-masted steel barge "Peking," which has just been acquired by the Admiralty. The "Peking" will be used as a training ship for the Royal Naval School. The "Peking" is the latest of the "Arctura" class, which were built in 1911, while the old "Arctura" dates back to 1840. She was in the Navy during the Crimean War, and was the last British fighting ship to go into action under full sail. There is no episode in the "Peking's" history but for the fact that she belonged to the German company to which she belonged has owned many famous sailing ships, among them the "Pamir" and the "Parma." And the "Peking" was one of the best of them all.—London Answer.

## May Have Had Reason

We note that a Wisconsin farmer mistook a group of his relatives for gunmen, and opened fire, killing a cousin and wounding two others. This recalls the story of the English train which was stopped by an emergency signal from some unknown passenger. The guard in the course of an investigation met a nervous man who complained of the delay, saying it would make him late for his wedding. The guard looked at him sternly and demanded: "Are you sure it wasn't you who pulled the cord?"

After a certain speed is attained by an aeroplane in a power dive, the propeller acts as a brake.

## BRITISH WORKMEN ADD ANOTHER RECORD TO ACCOMPLISHMENTS



A few years ago British industries were frequently criticized because they did not advertise their achievements as do our neighbors to the South. During the past year, however, they have been coming out of their shells a little more, as this photograph will testify. When the above photo was taken a gigantic transformer was being hoisted on board ship for foreign parts. The words painted on the end state that it is the world's largest transformer, 125,000 h.p., made at Walton-on-Thames.

## To Encourage Trade

New Steamship Service Expected To Benefit Canadian Exporters

A new steamship service between Halifax, N.S., the Malay Archipelago, Java, the Netherlands East Indies, Ceylon and Egypt has just been inaugurated with the object of increasing direct trade between Canada and those countries. The first vessel on this monthly service will arrive at Halifax from Java early in January, 1933, after having made calls at Singapore, Ceylon and other ports.

This new service is the result of arrangements made by the Canadian government department of trade and commerce. The imports of Canada from the countries mentioned include many thousands of tons of rubber annually, canned pineapples, pepper, papaya, flour, peanuts, tea and cotton, the last-named product coming from Egypt. Similarly the new service is expected to benefit Canadian exporters.

## Fortune From Minnows

Michigan Man Made \$50,000 Last Year Selling Fish Bait

When Charles C. Day, of Port Huron, Mich., sold a 14-quart pail of minnows for \$1 some 30 years ago, he unconsciously founded a business that was to make him independently wealthy within three decades. From his start with a pail of minnows, Day developed the idea of selling fish bait to reap a profit of \$50,000 last year. He supplies fresh "canned" minnows, grasshoppers, crickets, anglers, salmon eggs and pork rinds to sporting goods stores in every section of the country.

The Union of South Africa is unique in that it has two capitals. The legislature sits at Capetown, while the rest of the government is at Pretoria.

Commodity prices in Denmark are higher than a year ago.

## Hard To Dodge Publicity

People Find It One Of Penalties For Breaking Law

When a man gets into a car and attempts to drive it while under the influence of liquor he knows he is likely to go to jail if arrested and convicted. He must also be aware he is running the risk of having his name creep into the paper in connection with the case. Publicity, in other words, is one of the penalties for running foul of the law.

This point was stressed the other day in Kitchener by Judge Clement when he rejected a motion by defence counsel in a criminal case to have reporters barred from the court room. The Judge commented that so far as publicity in criminal cases was concerned, where a person was innocent he should have nothing to fear, and where there is guilt he must be ready to suffer the resulting publicity.

People who are convicted in courts of justice on anything above minor charges have no business to come to a newspaper and ask to have their names kept out of the press. Publicity has been, and always will be, one of the best crime deterrents.

## Poppy Culture Forbidden

Commercial Development In British Columbia Now Against Law

Mounted police have been forced to order that poppy-culture in the province must cease, and says that commercial development or sale of the species after December will bring prosecutions under the Narcotics Act. The law forbidding red poppy of British Columbia, it seems, contains three times as much morphine as may legally be sold by a druggist in a medical preparation. Its narcotic content is not far from that of the papaver somniferum the base of the opium trade in the Far East.

The olive contains 24 per cent. oil and the avocado, or alligator pear, 12 per cent.

## Stands By Word "Very"

New York Paper Believes It Still Has Meaning

The following appeared recently in the New York Evening Post: "I note that one of your post-election editorials is headed 'Very Bad News.' Are you not aware of the fact that that Horatian purist, Franklin P. Adams, formerly of the New York 'Very,' has decreed that the word 'very' is unnecessary? Do you not know that he is conducting against its use an 'incessant crusade'?"

MRS. FLIXIT.

New York, Nov. 10, 1932. [Editor's note: Yes, we were aware of Mr. Adams' crusade, but we are not at all in sympathy with it. It seems to us that the word "very" has been so overused that it has lost much of its meaning. We also know that logically it can be proved superfluous and therefore unnecessary. Nevertheless, we believe it still has a shade of meaning all its own, and we cannot overcome our regretfully, to continue its employment. Once, when we were working on the Chicago Tribune, that newspaper also decreed the absolute elimination of the word "very" from its columns. It was then printing daily, under the heading of "Poems You Ought To Know," various masterpieces of verse. When an all too literal copyeditor began to take out the word "very" from these masterpieces, the result was not at all happy, although it would, we suppose, have pleased Mr. Adams.]

## Storage Stocks Lower

Decrease In Creamery Butter Holdings Of Five Million Pounds

A decrease of more than five million pounds was shown in creamery butter holdings as at December 1, as compared with the corresponding date of last year, says a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Eggs, pork, beef, lamb, poultry and fish also showed decreased quantities in storage, cheese being the only commodity to show an increase.

On the first of the month creamery butter in storage totalled 28,250,552 pounds as compared with 31,385,246 pounds on December 1, 1931. Dairy butter holdings were 101,042 pounds as against 287,692 pounds last year. Cold storage eggs decreased from 5,658,380 dozen to 4,968,772 dozen; fresh declined from 297,373 dozen to 282,159 dozen, and frozen eggs dropped from 4,553,995 pounds on December 1, 1931, to 3,967,749 pounds on December 1 of this year.

## Ariss Has Model Voice

Noted Actor Received Early Training On English Stage

George Arliss' voice is extolled as a model for others by Inspector Quarry, addressing teachers at London, Ont. Arliss is an Englishman, who had his early training in voice culture in a great school, the English stage at its best. He came to this continent many years ago as a member of Mrs. Patrick Campbell's company and his finished elocution was even then notable. There may be some atmospheric conditions inimical to the speaking voice in the northern part of this continent, as the speaker recently asserted. Certainly, Calvin Coolidge and President Hoover are terrible examples, and some Canadians are no better. All the more reason why parents and instructors should see that the voices of the young are trained in time.

## GIFTS

Gifts do not always have to be The customary things, Like books or strips of tapestry Or necklaces and rings.

Instead, intangible as air, The gift most sweet, most dear, May be a swiftly whispered prayer, A glance of hope and cheer;

A brave soul's thought that surely lends Its courage to my own; The message which the morning sends, A song loved lips have known!

Gifts do not always have to be Old prints, exotic flowers; The rarest gift life brought to me Was three swift-flying hours!

## Explained At Last

According to an authority of the American Dental Association, George Washington's false teeth were hinged together with a strong spring which occasionally opened wide and left him with his mouth agape and unable to close it. This throws a new light on his alleged inability to tell a lie.

A body weighing 101 pounds at the earth's poles would weigh 130 pounds at the equator, the U.S. Naval Observatory reports.

Textile mills in Portugal are operating at capacity.

## Increasing Trade

Heavier Shipments To Australia and Great Britain Shown By Government Report

Increasing trade between Canada and Australia, increasing shipments of wheat to Great Britain and continental Europe and increased stability in business operations in Canada are shown in the latest government reports, says a weekly review prepared by the Department of Trade and Commerce. The Dominion Bureau of Statistics in its monthly report on the business situation in Canada, the review observes, states that while business operations, after adjustment for seasonal tendencies, were at a slightly lower level in October than in the preceding month, "the relative stability of the current period presents a strong contrast with the marked declines in the same months of 1930 and 1931." The report further states that "the pronounced downward trend has been replaced by a period in which greater resistance is manifested against reactionary tendencies."

Canadian exports to Australia in the first seven months of the current fiscal year amounted to \$4,219,193 as compared with \$2,762,267 in the corresponding period last year. Imports from Australia increased by nearly a quarter of a million dollars to \$4,300,361. While total exports for the seven months are lower than last year, outstanding increases are shown, in most cases to countries which are large importers of Canadian wheat. Total Canadian exports to Great Britain have increased by approximately five and a half million dollars to \$10,740,375, those to Holland increased by three million dollars to \$11,685,506; and those to Belgium by one and a half million dollars to \$10,035,272.

## Co-Operation Associations

Aggregate Membership Is Estimated At \$25,216

There are 1,452 co-operative associations in Canada with an aggregate membership of 625,216 according to the latest report of the Canadian Government Department of Labour. The associations are grouped under two main headings, marketing and purchasing. The 503 marketing associations have a membership of 374,516 and the membership of the 467 purchasing associations is 49,361. Credit and savings societies operated as co-operative basis number 33 with a membership of 45,254, of which 46,000 are residents of the Province of Quebec. There are 92 Community Hall Societies, 86 of which are located in the Province of Saskatchewan with a total membership of 5,749. Miscellaneous societies number 77 with a membership of 47,234. Among the marketing associations 382 are for the purpose of marketing live stock; 18 are organized to sell sheep and wool and 113 for marketing dairy products.

Quebec had the largest number of associations handling poultry products—11 out of a total of 27. There were 152 fruit and vegetable associations classified as marketing agencies, 65 of which were in British Columbia, 45 in Nova Scotia and 27 in Ontario. Seed and Grain Associations numbered 31, five of which were operating in more than one province; of these Ontario had 12 organizations. Associations handling miscellaneous commodities numbered 98 of which 66 were located in the Province of Quebec.

## Captain Spooner Doing Some Hazardous Flying

Participant In Many Canadian Air Meets Is Now In Iraq

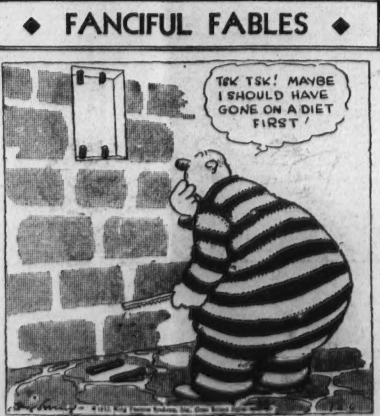
Formerly flying instructor of the Montreal Light Aeroplane Club and participant in all leading Canadian air meets and races, Captain Tom Spooner is now doing some hazardous flying in Palestine and Iraq for a British commercial flying company operating a mail and express service hooking up with the India-England mail route at Bagdad.

## The Color Line

A New York church is threatened with disruption because the minister, backed by his bishop, is willing to allow negroes to worship there. The objectors have no argument, but color prejudices die hard and few there be without them. The "color line" in the United States is drawn south of the Potomac, and west as far as Tennessee. North of Washington there are no "Jim Crow" passenger cars.

Portugal's wheat crop this year broke all records.

The real name of Pola Negri, movie actress, is Apollonia Chalupe.





## GENUINE ACTION'S STOMACH TABLETS

This is the original. There is no other genuine Action's Stomach Tablet on the market.

Don't let Stomach Distress continue to make life miserable for you.

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207-A 7th Ave. East. Calgary

## HEART OF THE NORTH

By

WILLIAM  
BYRON  
MOWERY

(FND Series)

Copyright by William Byron Mowery

### CHAPTER III

#### A Call To Vengeance

During that dash down the Mackenzie, Alan's thoughts were not enviable. "They used Margaret Fournier as a means of making their getaway from the steamer. It worked so well then that they might try the idea again. They might try to capture Joyce and use her as a sort of hostage to protect themselves."

But somehow he did not greatly fear they would do this. He remembered the gun she always carried, his own gift to her on her twentieth birthday. A black automatic, a tiny thing like a toy, it nevertheless was blunt and effective as a terror bulldog. That big red-headed bandit who had threatened to put a bullet "square 'twixt" the eyes of Margaret Fournier, would likely get one between his own if he tried any brutality with Joyce MacMillan.

To Alan it seemed pretty clear that Bill in his haste and excitement had made a mistake about those men being strangers to every one aboard the steamer. It didn't look possible. They knew this country, knew it intimately. It took years to learn the ins and outs of so huge a region. But they knew, Alan concluded. "They aren't strangers, of course. Bill just made a mistake."

Half-hidden between two blanket packs Constable Whipple sat, angering his wife, peering about anxiously, as though at any moment he expected to meet the outlaw canoes here on the Mackenzie. Alan watched him with something of scorn in his eyes. Whipple was constantly spying upon the other men, listening with long ears, reporting everything that happened and a lot that did not.

Forty miles below Endurance, sweeping near to shore around a great bend, Alan looked ahead and sighted the Midnight Sun out in midstream, plowing steadily up south. At his gesture Pedesault swung the launch and snubbed its heading speed, and Bill began unloading one of the canoes. As the two craft drew nearer, Alan rose up and signaled that he wished to come aboard the steamer. The boat stopped, a ladder was let down. Paddling across in the birch bark, he and Bill hurried up on deck. Margaret Fournier was safely back on board. Several of the men, hastily catching one of the smashed canoes, had followed up the Alouka a mile and found her on a willow island where the bandits had set her off.

When Alan came on deck, almost his first sight was of Jimmy Montgomery's little girl, perched upon a pile of cargo, showered with care and attention from every one. As he glanced at the tiny golden-haired tot, Alan thought of her mother dying less than a year ago, of her young father cut down today by an out-

law's bullet; and he had a swift vision of the bleak orphanage, the friendless and homeless life, which lay ahead of her, now that Jimmy was dead. He was not deceived by the attention she was getting now. Every one was all sympathy for her today, but that would come mighty quick; and then she'd be thrown into some orphanage, maybe along with half-breed and Indian children. Alan thought, "She's Jimmy's child; Jimmy was my partner; it's up to me to do something about her."

With nothing more definite than this in mind, he directed Ashmun, the white-haired skipper: "You put her off at Endurance tonight. Give her to Elizabeth. Say I'll be back in two or three days."

Following the old captain, he stepped softly, hat in hand, into the one well-fitted cabin of the steamer. He remembered Jimmy as a tall, portly man, a young father, the best and bravest of them all.

Then like a small whisper in his loss, a thought came, edged with pride in Jimmy and the manner of his death:

"You were the only one who drew a gun. You knew they'd kill you. . . . a belt-gun against six rifles; but you stood up and shot. You were always that kind; and so was Curt. Now you're both gone; now I'm alone, of us three—"

The desolation was unbearable. Bill following, he turned and went out of the cabin, into the sunshine of the deck. A grim mood had come over him, a mood shot through with personal and deadly intention. He was no longer merely the stern and efficient representative of the law. Vengeance, a burning and righteous vengeance, had entered his heart.

With a dozen men crowding around to listen, he questioned Skipper Ashmun briefly.



JOYCE TRIED TO PRAY THAT ALAN WAS NOT LEADING THIS PATROL.

"Bill said these men were strangers. That can't be. Didn't you recognize them at all? Haven't you got some idea who they were?"

"Alan, I positively never seen a man of 'em till I looked up and there they stood, pointing their weapons at us. And I see just about everybody that goes up and down the river."

"And they knowed the lay of the land like a book," another man spoke up. "That's the queerest part of 'em. Alan was fairly staggered. Bill had reported accurately. The men were strangers."

How under heaven could six men enter this country unknown, unseen? Then, granting they had, granting them strangers, how did they come to know the lay of the land so perfectly?—where to strike, when to strike, how to escape by a straight shoot to their superlative refuge, the Thal Azzah.

In all his years of police service he had never met quite so dark a circumstance as this.

As he and Bill went down the ladder, the rail was lined with people wishing them a quick capture, wishing the criminals a swift and speedy justice. Alan did not hear, did not care. But as he stepped into the canoe and with a shove sent it skirting toward the launch, he did hear one voice from some man on the steamer; and it rang in his ears like a croak of evil prophecy.

"Going after men like them, Alan Baker, you'd better take your luck along!"

At the MacMillan trading post Joyce had lighted candles in the kitchen and trading hall. Though she hardly knew just when her father would return from his fur-buying trip, she had kindled a comfortable fire in his bedroom and had prepared

a supper of scones and breaded mushrooms and willow plantains which she herself had shot that morning.

As she stood tip-toe at a pantry shelf, away from the crackle and sough of the cook stove, she heard some peculiar noise somewhere out in the night. She went over to the window and there heard it more distinctly—a faint drone that rose and fell with the ground winds drifting out of the spruces.

The puzzling sound drew louder, plainer. Then suddenly Joyce knew. The police launch! Coming up the Big Alouka. Coming slowly because of the treacherous channel, but driving on through the twilight in spite of the danger.

That launch went out only on matters of importance. And this patrol must be very important, to bring the men up a perilous river at this hour.

Throwing a cape about her shoulders, she ran through the trading hall, out into the sharp pine-scented air; down to the canoe landing at the river bank.

As she stood on the mud-filmed plank, with the whispering breeze molding cape and dress closely about her vigorous young body, Joyce tried to pray that Alan was not leading this patrol. Her girlish pride was crying out that she did not want to see Alan Baker. Her rational mind was warning that it would be better for her if she never saw him again at all. But no pride or rationalizing could beat down the secret throbbing expectancy of meeting Alan, of hearing his voice, in a few minutes more.

Through the whole long winter Joyce had been slowly realizing that her return to this northern waterways country had been a terrible mistake. Once she had been away, free of it all, with the true instinct of colonial Britons for their children, her dad and mother had sent her out to school, a solid old English institution in Ontario. When she finished, she quickly hunted up a job for herself, a place with a government bureau, where her knowledge of Indian languages and customs made her uniquely valuable in preparing pamphlets for the far northern agencies. Independent, earning a good salary, with friends and sports and work she liked, she had given up all of it and returned to this isolated fur post on a sub-Arctic river.

Her mother had died, and her father, alone, crushed by the relentless competition of big companies out to "get" him, had morally gone to pieces. Alan in his letters had written her the sorry facts. Her duty, clear as a call, had spoken to her, "If you return, you may be able to stop that; you may help Dad back to where he was." And she had come.

She knew that other folk were surprised at her loyalty, and thought her foolish, and were shrugging shoulders at the hopelessness of a mere girl trying to lift Dave MacMillan above the whiskey and Indian-woman life he had sunk into. But Joyce did not consider it foolish, and she could see no great loyalty about it. Whatever his demoralization now, her father had been the best of fathers to her. Looking at him not as a father but as a man, she may help Dad back to where he was." And she had come.

And Joyce was beginning to realize, as the slow months passed, that her patient battle was anything but futile. Slowly, so slowly that only she herself could see it, she was winning her struggle. She was lifting her father out of his bewildered demoralization. If only she were given another season or two, she could salvage his life.

(To Be Continued.)

Belfast, Ireland, is just placing automatic traffic signals in the suburbs.



LEADER OF WAITS: "Now it's 'Ark the Herald Angels'—an' you, Joe Ticombe, go softly with that there band of yours. As it's Angels, get it to sound a bit more like an 'arp'!"—The Humorist, London.

### TAKES OUT PAPERS



Our neighbors to the South will have at least one "Royal American" when Leo Constantine Tormannoff, has his final papers accepted. Otherwise known as Prince Tormannoff, a Russian Army during the War, the gentleman above is now librarian in the Baker Memorial Library at Harvard University.

### Kubelik's Fifty-Year Plan

Great Violinist Has Organized His Life Up To 102

The famous violinist, Jean Kubelik, is one of the world's great optimists. He celebrated his fifty-second birthday recently, but he plans to live to 102 and has organized the rest of his life in a Fifty-Year Plan.

He intends to: Give concerts for the next thirteen years—five years.

Compose music for the following: Listen to Mozart being played for him for the remaining twelve years he expects to live.

"Even with this plan I cannot do half of what I want to do," he remarked. "I never seem to be able to compose, although it comes easily enough to me when I can settle down."

### In Midst Of Plenty

Thousands Drawing Relief With Granaries Filled To Overflowing

The paradoxical situation is that there is want in the midst of plenty. We, in Canada have had an excellent crop this year. Elevators are filled to overflowing and millions of bushels of wheat are stored in granaries, yet 520,000 of Canada's 10,000,000 population apart from the 280,000 normally unemployed depend for their existence on relief payments drawn from the public treasury. And still, Canada's economic situation is not the worst by any means.—Kitchener Record.

### Distribution Of 'Phones

British Columbia Leads All the Provinces In Use Of Telephones

British Columbians go in for telephones in a big way and lead the provinces in the use of that instrument, with 18.5 'phones for every 100 of population in 1931, says a bureau of statistics report. Ontario came next with 18.1; Manitoba and Quebec both 10.5; Alberta, 9.6; Nova Scotia, 8.1; Saskatchewan, 8.0; New Brunswick, 8.3, and Prince Edward Island, 6.6.

The oat king and the wheat king have been crowned at Chicago, and both of them are Canadians. The Canadian wild oat champion remains to be identified.

### A Family Of Leaders

Lyttons Have Served Every British Monarch Since Henry IV.

Not the least interesting point about the Lytton commission's report on Japan's doings in Manchuria is the fact that a Lytton was chairman. Lord Lytton is a member of that older British aristocracy which has always accepted the responsibility and duty of public service that is applied in authority.

The Lytton family has been serving every British monarch since Henry IV.; each generation has contributed its talents, such as they have been, to the state. And in this it is no different in tradition from such other great governing families as the Cedils, the Howards, the Sackvilles, the Spencers and the Churchills.

Changes are proposed, are accepted and are finally discarded in favor of other changes. An insular nation develops into a great empire; that empire, in turn, undergoes profound changes; that empire decides to enter into an experiment in internationalism such as the League. Always, with a consistency that is astounding, these great families continue to produce their share of leaders. It may seem a little extravagant to say so, but we suspect that were revolution to come to Great Britain a Lytton, a Sackville or a Cecil would be found as confidential adviser to the chief commissar.

## THE RHYMING OPTIMIST

By Aline Michaels

### LATE AFTERNOON

Eastward shades are slanting longer  
On the meadows at our feet.  
Now the best of rest is stronger  
And the thought of rest is sweet  
As the day is growing older,  
Like a rose that slowly fades  
And the creeping shadows, holding,  
Mount above the quiet glades.

Slowly wanes the careless rapture  
Of the heart like waning light,  
And no longing can recapture  
Life's first ardor, youth's delight;  
But the joy of youth still lingers  
As remembered roses glow  
After June has laid chill fingers  
On the garden, swathed in snow.

Though the past's triumphant  
legions  
Now in silence must retreat,  
Peace has touched these twilight  
regions,  
Where the thought of rest is sweet.

### War Spirit Exists

The World In Need Of A New Spirit Of Confidence

"What the world needs is a new spirit of understanding and confidence," said Dr. C. W. Gordon (Ralph Connor), on arrival after a visit to Europe.

"We are still living in the spirit of the war, and though there are hopeful signs that we are awakening to new ideals, we still have a long way to go."

Five weeks of his tour he spent in Geneva, where he followed the League of Nations.

"While the world awaits sensational action on the part of the league, such questions as the Sino-Japanese issue in Manchuria," he said, "the statesmen at Geneva are carefully considering and gradually coming to understand every aspect of the situation, moving gradually and diplomatically to a solution."

Dr. Gordon expressed the opinion the present system of finance is breaking down. "Money should grease the wheels of industry, not impede them," he declared.

Unless worms be expelled from the system, no child can be healthy. Mother Graver Worm Extremism is an excellent medicine to destroy worms.

### Japan Would Abolish All Aircraft Carriers

Would Also Reduce Capital Ships To 25,000 Tons

Japan's naval disarmament plan, soon to be submitted to the disarmament conference, proposes abolition of aircraft carriers, reduction of capital ships to 24,000 tons and of their gun calibre to 14 inches, and retention of submarines.

Vice-Admiral Osami Nagami, disclosed these provisions. He added that reduction in the size of cruisers and destroyers also is advocated but he would give no details. Japan also will propose prohibition of decks and platforms on capital ships from which aircraft might take off.

Six newspapers printed in modern Arabic are published in New York.

World production of rayon this year is expected to total 485,232,000 pounds.

There is  
NO ODOR  
from FISH



or from  
Vegetables cooked  
in CANAPAR

Baked, or steamed, fish comes out firm and solid, swimming in its own juice, when you seal it up in Canapar Cookery Parchment. No fishy odor. No gummy steamer or succor to clean out afterwards.

And vegetables are simply delicious. Using Canapar you can cook three at once in the same pot over one burner turned down. Canapar acts on them as it does on fish. Retains all the mineral salts and flavor. Fat and juices from meat won't burn you. No pan-scraping afterwards.

Canapar only costs 25 cents for a large envelope. You can use each sheet repeatedly because it won't absorb odors. Makes perfect dish cloth because it is silky, strong, and doesn't spread lint.

**Special Offer**  
CANAPAR is made by the makers of the famous PARA-SANI Heavy Waxed Paper in the Green Box. Most grocers, druggists and department stores have Canapar on sale, but if you haven't send coupon direct to the makers and we'll give you a new and unique book entitled "Leftovers", containing one hundred recipes for a bonus for your trouble.

Applied Paper Products, Ltd.,  
Hamilton, Ontario.  
Enclosed find 25c for which please send me one full size package of CANAPAR COOKERY PARCHMENT and your 100 recipes for "Leftovers".

Name.....

Address.....

My dealer is.....

411

### Little Helps For This Week

"In the morning then shall ye see the glory of the Lord."—Exodus 16:7.  
"Serving the Lord; rejoicing in hope."—Romans 13:11.

Every day is a fresh beginning. Every moment in the world made new. You who are weary of sorrow and sinning.

Have a beautiful hope for you: A hope for me, and a hope for you.—Susan Coolidge.

Be patient with every one, but also all with yourself. Do not be disturbed because of your imperfections, and always rise up bravely from a fall. You can make a daily new beginning, and there is no better means of progress in the spiritual life than to be continually beginning afresh, and never to think we have done enough.—Francis D. Sales.

Because perseverance is so difficult, even when supported by the grace of God, there is the value of new beginnings. For new beginnings are the life of perseverance.—E. B. Pusey.

### Abandon Submarine

British Sub M-2 Will Not Be Salvaged, Admiralty Decides

Attempt to raise the British submarine M-2, which sank off Portland race, January, 1932, with the loss of 56 lives, finally was abandoned by the admiralty after months of vain toil.

Salvage ships succeeded in getting the stern to the surface, but officials in charge decided they would not be able to bring up the bow. The M-2 will sink back to the bottom of the channel to make her grave in the mud and sand there.

Ferrian Balm imparts a rare charm and distinction to the woman who uses it. Fragrant as a flower, deliciously cool to the skin, it always results in complexion delightfully young and lovely. Indispensable to every dainty woman. As a powder base for olive-tinted skin as a beautifying lotion, it is unrivaled. Tones and stimulates the skin. Recommended to soothe and make the hands flawlessly white.

A sturgeon weighing 401 pounds was caught recently in the Fraser River at New Westminster, British Columbia.

Night air mail service between Frankfurt and Cologne, Germany, has just been inaugurated.

More than 9,000,000,000 cigarettes are smoked each month in the United States.

## HOCKEY

Monday, Dec. 26th. at 3 o'clock

Chinese Y. M. C. vs. Crossfield

ADDED ATTRACTION--Prize to be given to holder of lucky ticket.

Admission: Adults 25c

Children 10c

Dec. 30th. at 8 p.m.--South Calgary Juniors vs. Crossfield.

## Crossfield Meat Market

CROSSFIELD BEEF	FRESH PORK and BEEF
" PORK	SAUSAGE
" LAMB	PURE PORK
" VEAL	SAUSAGE

ALL IN SEASON--PRICE IN REASON

Ground Suet for Puddings. Ground Steak for Mince Meat. Sausage Meat for Turkey Dressing.

FRESH and SMOKED FISH DAILY.

WE BUY SELL OR TRADE  
ALL CLASSES OF

CATTLE, SHEEP and HOGS

WE SHIP HOGS EVERY TWO WEEKS

The Crossfield Meat Market

L. CHRISTMAS, Manager

To Our Many Customers  
and Friends we Extend  
Best Wishes for a  
Merry Christmas  
and Health, Happiness  
and Bountiful Harvests  
in the New Year.

The Alberta Pacific Grain Company Ltd.

## With The Curlers

The curlers are off to a good start. The President's side were eleven down with one game to be played. Pogue was unable to play McRory on Saturday night.

The ice was very heavy on Monday night and would not take a pebble. Big Ed. outslugged his smaller opponent but he needed one of "those shots-off the wall" with his last rock in the match to cut down a three-ender and score one for himself. McMillan scored a four on the 11th and two on the 12th to finish one down.

"Happy" has now assumed the "stanc" peculiar to skips. He has risen to the rank of third man and holds the broom for Heavy. One more promotion and he will be the "Kingfish" However the strong winning rink would not be denied and challenged up their first win on Monday night. Jim McCool has replaced Bill Miller on Heavy's rink.

Amery's regular rink made an even break at Carstairs on Monday night as did the rink skipped by Miller on Monday night. Smart accordingly.

## INTER-RINK COMPETITION

Monday

Meyers 10, McMillan 9

Winning 10, Glen Williams 5

Tuesday

J. M. Williams 13, Smart 10

McRory 15, Amery 7.

Wednesday

Glen Williams 10, Meyers 7

Purvis 12, Pogue 8

WITH THE LADY CURLERS

Owing to the condition of the ice the ladies did not get started on Monday as expected, however a scratch game was played on Wednesday, when Mrs. R. M. McCool won from Mrs. Miller, 8-5.

Play will commence in the inter-rink competition after Christmas.

## Local News

Why worry, let Luke do it. Charlie Purvis is down from Ed. monton for the holidays.

Mrs. Geo. E. Huser left on Saturday to spend the holidays with her mother at Seattle.

Mrs. Hayes of Okotoks won the Christmas cake raffled off by the Guild.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Jones and Miss Leona Jones were visitors in Calgary on Monday.

Mrs. J. M. McAnally of Halkirk spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. P. I. McAnally.

The Village Council did their good deed the other day when they sent \$10.00 to the Calgary Sunshine Fund.

Mrs. A. D. Currie is quite ill in the Holy Cross Hospital, Calgary, and will be remaining there for sometime.

The Summit Hill School Christmas Tree and Entertainment will be held on Friday evening Dec. 23.

Mrs. Hayes of Okotoks returned home on Sunday after spending a few weeks visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Mossop.

Dances will be held in the Carstairs Hall every Saturday night from 9 until 12. Admission 30c each, tax included. Music by the BELLAMY Orchestra.

Mrs. Everett Bills and children and Mr. and Mrs. Dick Patmore were visitors at the home Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Patmore at Olds on Sunday.

A very enjoyable birthday party was held at the home of Mrs. English on Monday afternoon on the occasion of Melva's thirteenth birthday. Nineteen girl friends were present.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Belshaw were the victims of a surprise party on Saturday evening on the occasion of their eleventh wedding anniversary. The evening was spent in playing bridge.

About forty members of the local Board of Trade motored to Calgary on Friday last and were the guests of the Calgary Board of Trade at their weekly luncheon. Mr. E. Richardson, C.A. was the speaker and gave a very interesting address on Managed Currency.

In reporting the accident that befell the newlyweds, Mr. and Mrs. Levi Smith (nee Miss Janet Lant) our cub reporter had taken on too much of that highly fancied temperance drink called fig wine, and the story was exaggerated beyond reason. Mr. Lant who was driving the truck was shaken up some, while Mr. and Mrs. Smith were only slightly injured, and only two small jars of fruit were broken in the spill.

## Hockey Club Notes

Practise started Wednesday with Glen Williams whipping his team into shape for the opening game Monday, Dec. 26th, when the local club play hosts to the Chinese Y. M. C. A. team of Calgary.

Several players are trying out for a place and it will take a few practices to cut the squad to ten, the number to be carried.

The Hockey Club whist drive held on Friday, Dec. 16, was a success, although the crowd was small. The prize winners at court whist were as follows: Ladies first, Mrs. J. Belshaw; gent's first, Mr. Harve McCool; consolation prizes going to Miss Margaret Murdoch, Mr. Harry Kenny.

The fortunate one's in the raffle, also sponsored by the Hockey Club were as follows: Mr. Glen Williams, winning the Rolls Razor, Mr. F. Baker the four lb. box of chocolates.

The Hockey Club take this opportunity of thanking all those who contributed to the success of the dance and raffle. The proceeds of same will be announced next week.

## I SAW

Hall McCaskill offering to substitute in the case the "husband-to-be" did not arrive.

Mrs. Amery stepping out at the Capital Theatre last week.

Airdrie 4, Irricana 2

The Airdrie senior hockey team defeated Irricana 4-2 on Monday night.

## The Crossfield Chronicle

ESTABLISHED 1907

THURSDAY, DEC 22nd, 1932.

The United Church Sunday School Christmas Tree and Entertainment will be held on Friday night, December 23rd instead of on Thursday night as previously announced.

## Charity Dance, January 2nd.

A Charity Dance is being held Monday, Jan. 2 in the U.F.A. Hall. Mark your calendar and reserve the date.

Many families in the district are practically out of warm clothing. Constable Jarman tells us some heart rending stories.

The total proceeds of the Big New Year's Dance goes for relief. Come and be happy making someone else happy. A real way to start the New Year.

On Saturday evening, Mrs. W. R. Bradley, of Calgary, complimented Miss Greta Metheral, a bride elect of this month, at the home of the latter's parents. During the evening, games and songs were enjoyed. Mrs. Young delighted everyone with a vocal solo. Many beautiful and useful gifts were presented to the guest of honor in a daintily-trimmed basket. Over forty guests were present.

## AIRDRIE JUNIORS DEFEAT CALGARY FLYERS

The Airdrie skating rink was opened last week. The rink has been fixed up with a new inside fence, new lights have been installed and Airdrie has now a first class rink.

The first hockey game was played on Saturday afternoon between the Flying Calgaryians and the Airdrie Juniors and resulted in a shut-out for the home team. The score being 4-0.

Airdrie--W. Matheson, H. Kolstad, L. Forster, L. Van Sickle, M. Stewart, O. Kolstad, Jr., and Bob Kolstad.

Referee--V. Hatt.

## Church of the Ascension

(ANGLICAN)

Christmastide Services

Saturday, Dec. 24th.

12:00 Midnight

Christmas Day, Dec. 25th.

9:00 a. m.--Holy Communion

7:30 p. m.--Evensong.

Rev. A. D. Currie, Rector

## Fellowship Club Meeting

A meeting was held recently for the purpose of re-organizing the Fellowship Club under a somewhat different program.

A lengthy discussion took place as to the advisability of carrying out the programs as formerly, i. e. Social, physical, intellectual and devotional. It was pointed out that during the last year the passive interest shown in the two latter programs did not warrant the expense incurred. Finally it was decided that the better plan was to dispense with those programs since the majority of members preferred only to support the others. And the suggestion that meetings be held bi-monthly on the above basis, was adopted.

Election of officers for the coming season resulted as follows: Pres. D. Tweedie, Vice-President, Max Grant and Sec. Treas. Stella Gordon.

All the young people in Crossfield and the surrounding districts are earnestly invited to become members. The first regular meeting is planned for Thursday, January 5.

## A New Stewart-Warner

BATTERY OPERATED

CONSOLE \$130.50

A Liberal Trade-in Allowance on Your Old Set.

Why Not Make the Family

A Present of a

New Radio for Xmas

Prices from

\$69.50 to 395.00

Expert Radio Servicing

All Work Guaranteed.

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Your Radio Service Man

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Batteries : Tubes : Parts

## LEYDEN &amp; BRUCE

Funeral Directors

Private Ambulance in Connection

Phone M 9101

1707 Second Street West Calgary

W. H. Miller, Agent, Crossfield

Mr. J. A. HARRY MILLICAN of the firm of Millikan & Millikan, Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries, 900 Lancaster Building, Calgary, will beat Tredaway & Springate's office, Crossfield on Saturday of each week for the general practice of the law.

MONEY TO LOAN

PHONE 3

## Dr. S. H. McClelland

Veterinary Surgeon

Honor Graduate Ontario Veterinary College

Office--McClelland's Rexall Drug Store. Phone 3 Crossfield

## Council Meetings

The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Office of the Secretary Treasurer on the first Monday of each month commencing with February at the hour 8 o'clock p.m.

By Order of the Village Council.

A2. W. McRory, Sec.-Treas

## DENTIST

Dr HARVEY D. DUNCAN,

218A, 5th Ave. W., opposite Palace Theatre, Calgary.

## Walter Major

Contractor and Builder

Estimates Given Plans Prepared

Alterations &amp; Specialty.

Box 84 Crossfield

## Sid Jones

HARNESS MAKER

Shoes and Harness Repaired

FOR CASH

Trca Building Crossfield

## Canadian Legion B. E. S. L.

Crossfield Branch

Meets on the last Saturday of each month in the Fire Hall at 2 p. m.

Visiting Comrades Welcome.

A. MONTGOMERY J. CROCKER

President Secretary

## All Kinds of

TINSMITTING WORK

J. L. McRory

Crossfield Alberta

## Village of Crossfield

## TAX NOTICE

Notice is given that a Five Per

Cent Penalty is added to all

unpaid taxes on Jan. 1st.

1933

The Council will appreciate a

special effort on the part of the

ratepayers affected. Your re-

newed efforts will maintain the

credit of the Village and save

you added taxes in the way of

penalties.

Saturday, December 31st, is the

last day without the additional

five per cent penalty.

Thos. Tredaway, Sec.-Treas.

## The REXALL Drug Store

## The Season's

Greetings

A Happy

Christmas, and

Every Good Wish

For the New Year.

## McClelland's Drug Store

The Rexall Store

Phone 3 Crossfield

## NOTICE

## Change in price of Empty Bottles

On and after January 1st, 1933, undamaged pint bottles will be redeemable at 20 cents a dozen, instead of 30 cents a dozen.

## New Price of Alberta Beers

\$3.70	PINTS	\$1.85	PINTS
	per case		per dozen

After January 1st, 1933

All bottles purchased prior to December 31st will be redeemed at present price of 30 cents a dozen provided they are returned to our warehouse before January 15th, 1933.

No change in quarts, full or empty.

AGENTS FOR THE BREWING INDUSTRY OF ALBERTA

## Distributors Limited

Phones M1830 - M4537

CALGARY